Robustel GoRugged R3000 Quad

Dual SIM Industrial Cellular VPN Router

For GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA+/LTE Networks

User Guide

Document Name: User Guide Firmware: 1.2.16

Date: 2015-11-24 Status: Confidential

Doc ID: RT_UG_R3000 Quad_v.1.3.0





About This Document

This document describes hardware and software of Robustel R3000 Quad, Dual SIM Industrial 2G/3G/4G Router.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the
 antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 - 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 - 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 - 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the router in vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting your router

• To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EC	Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 8 June 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (RoHS)	RoH5 compliant
2012/19/EU	Directive 2012/19/EU the European Parliament and of the Council of 4 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipment (WEEE)	X

Table 2: Standards of the Ministry of Information Industry of the People's Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	"Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products" (2006-06).
SJ/T 11364-2006	"Marking for Control of Pollution Caused by Electronic Information Products" (2006-06). According to the "Chinese Administration on the Control of Pollution caused by Electronic Information Products" (ACPEIP) the EPUP, i.e., Environmental Protection Use Period, of this product is 20 years as per the symbol shown here, unless otherwise marked. The EPUP is valid only as long as the product is operated within the operating limits described in the Hardware Interface Description. Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.

Table 3: Toxic or hazardous substances or elements with defined concentration limits

Name of the next	Hazardous substances					
Name of the part	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr (VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal Parts	0	0	0	0	0	0
Circuit Modules	х	0	0	0	0	О
Cables and Cable Assemblies	0	0	0	0	0	0
Plastic and Polymeric parts	0	0	0	0	0	0

o:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

x:

Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in SJ/T11363-2006.

Revision History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Release Date	Firmware Version	Doc Version	Details
2014-06-26	1.01.18	V1.0.0	First Release
2014-07-31	1.01.18	V1.0.1	Specifications update
			Delete EVDO
			Update Section: Overview, Regulatory and Type
			Approvals, Selection and Ordering Date, PIN Assignment,
			Install SIM Card and Micro SD Card, Power Supply
			Update feature: Ethernet-DMZ, WiFi-Basic, GPS-GPS
2015-05-13	1.2.0	V1.1.0	Status, NAT/DMZ-Virtual IP Mapping , Firewall-Basic,
2013-03-13	1.2.0	V1.1.0	Firewall-Filtering, QOS, OpenVPN-Encryption, L2TP
			Server, Portal , Tools-Sniffer, Tools-Test, Clock-GPS Time
			Sync, Web Server-Basic
			Modify Section: Firmware version, Mount the Route, file
			format, Sentence Revision, Approval & Certification,
			Regulatory and Type Approval Information
			Increase section: Download MIB Moudles File, GpsGate
2015-07-02	1.2.8	V1.2.0	portal
			Modify section: SDK Management, CLI command
2015-10-08	1.2.8	V1.2.1	Modify section: Packing list, Specifications (antenna)
			Increase section: Modbus Master, Modbus over TCP,
2015-11-24	1.2.16	v.1.3.0	Alarms, Remote Channels, AAA, FTP, SMTP, DMVPN
			Modify section: Serial, Ethernet

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Chapter 1 Product Concept

1.1 Overview

Robustel GoRugged R3000 Quad is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications.

- Dual SIM redundancy for continuous cellular connections, supports 2G/3G/4G.
- 4 Ethernet ports for layer 2 switch.
- WAN link management: cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN/WLAN WAN backup.
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE.
- Supports Modbus gateway (Modbus RTU/ASCII to Modbus TCP).
- Supports GPS&GLONASS (optional), provides real time location and tracking.
- Supports 802.11 b/g/n Wi-Fi (optional), AP and client mode.
- Supports SDK, provides user programmatic interface.
- Supports 802.1Q VLAN Trunk.
- Supports PPPoE Bridge(IP Passthrough).
- Auto reboot via SMS/Caller ID/Timing.
- Supports RobustLink (Centralized M2M management platform, to remote monitor, configure and update firmware).
- Supports RobustVPN (Cloud VPN Portal, to provide easy and secure remote access for PLCs and machines).
- Flexible Management methods: Web/CLI/SNMP/RobustLink.
- Firmware upgrade via Web/CLI/USB/SMS/RobustLink.
- Various interfaces: RS232/RS485/Console/USB/Ethernet.
- Wide range input voltages from 9 to 60 VDC and extreme operating temperature.
- The metal enclosure can be mounted on a DIN-rail or on the wall, also with extra ground screw.

1.2 Packing List

Check your package to make sure it contains the following items:

Robustel GoRugged R3000 Quad router x 1(model optional)
 More details about the wifi and GPS interface please refer to 1.3 Specifications section.









With wifi and GPS

Only with GPS

Only with wifi

Without wifi and GPS

• 3-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for power connector x 1



• 7-pin pluggable terminal block with lock for serial port and console port x 1



• CD with user guide x 1

Note: Please notify your sales representative if any of the above items are missing or damaged.

Optional accessories (can be purchased separately):

SMA antenna (Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna optional)
 Stubby antenna Magnet antenna



Ethernet cable x 1



Wall Mounting Kit



• 35mm Din-Rail mounting kit



• AC/DC Power Supply Adapter (12VDC, 1.5A) x 1 (EU, US, UK, AU plug optional)



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

• Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/UMTS/HSPA+/FDD LTE

• GPRS/EDGE: 850/900/1800/1900 MHz

• HSPA+: 850/900/1900/2100 MHz, DL/UL 21/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G

• FDD LTE: 800/900/1800/2100/2600 MHz, DL/UL 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 3G/2G

• SIM: 2 x (3V & 1.8V)

• Antenna Interface: SMA Female

WLAN Interface (Optional)

• Standards: 802.11b/g/n up to 65 Mbps, AP and Client mode

• Frequency Band: 2.400 - 2.500 GHz (2.4 GHz ISM band)

• Security: Open ,WPA, WPA2

• Encryption: AES, TKIP

• Antenna Interface: SMA Female

• Transmission Power: 802.11b: 17dBm, 802.11g/n: 15dBm

• Reception Sensibility: 1M: -97dBm, 2M: -93dBm, 6M: -91dBm, 11M: -89dBm, 54M: -75dBm, 65M: -72dBm

Serial Interface

• Number of Ports: 1 x RS-232 or 1 x RS-485

• ESD Protection: ±15KV

• Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1

• Baud Rate: 300bps to 230400bps

• RS-232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND

• RS-485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)

• Interface: 3.5mm terminal block with lock

GPS & GLONASS Interface (Optional)

• Antenna Interface: SMA Female, 50 ohms impedance

• Tracking Sensitivity: GPS: better than -148 dBm

GLONASS: better than -140 dBm

• Horizontal position accuracy: GPS: 2.5 m

GLONASS: 4.0 m

Protocol: NMEA-0183 V2.3

Ethernet Interface

• Number of Ports: 4 x 10/100 Mbps, 4 LANs or 3 LAN 1 WAN

• Magnet Isolation Protection: 1.5KV

System

• LED Indicators: RUN, PPP/WLAN, USR, RSSI, NET, SIM

• Built-in RTC, Watchdog, Timer

• Expansion: 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps

• Storage: 1 x MicroSD

Software

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, DMZ, RIP v1/v2, OSPF, DDNS, VRRP, HTTP, HTTPs, DNS, ARP, QoS, SNTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH2, IP Passthrough, etc
- VPN tunnel: IPSec/OpenVPN/PPTP/L2TP/GRE
- Firewall: SPI, anti-DoS, Filter, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, SNMP v1/v2/v3, SMS, RobustLink
- Serial Port: TCP client/server, UDP, Modbus RTU/ASCII to Modbus TCP, Virtual COM (COM port redirector)
- RobustLink: Centralized M2M management platform
- RobustVPN: Cloud VPN Portal

Power Supply and Consumption

• Power Supply Interface: 5mm terminal block with lock

• Input Voltage: 9 to 60 VDC

• Power Consumption: Idle: 100 mA @ 12 V

Data Link: 400 mA (peak) @ 12 V

Physical Characteristics

• Housing & Weight: Metal, 500g

• Dimension: (L x W x H): 125 x 108 x 45 mm

• Installation: 35mm Din-Rail or wall mounting or desktop

Regulatory and Type Approvals

• Approval & Certification: CE, RCM, RoHS, WEEE

• EMI: EN 55022 (2006/A1: 2007) Class B

• EMC: EN 61000-4-2 (ESD) Level 3, EN 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 4

EN 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 4, EN 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3

EN 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 4, EN 61000-4-8 Level 4

Environmental Limits

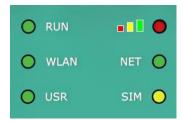
Model No.	Description	Operating Environment
R3000-Q3PA	HSPA+ Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS232 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q3PB	HSPA+ Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS485 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q4LA	FDD LTE Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS232 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q4LB	FDD LTE, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS485 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH

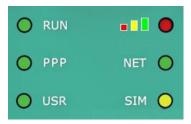
1.4 Selection and Ordering Data

Model No.	Description	Operating Environment
R3000-Q3PA	HSPA+ Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS232 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q3PB	HSPA+ Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS485 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q4LA	FDD LTE Router, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS232 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH
R3000-Q4LB	FDD LTE, 4 Ethernet ports, 1 RS485 port	-40 to 85°C/5 to 95% RH

Chapter 2 Installation

2.1 LED Indicators



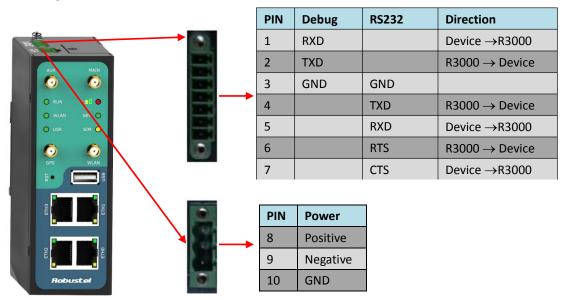


Name	Color	Status	Function			
		Blinking	Router is ready.			
RUN	Green	On	Router is starting.			
		Off	Router is power off.			
		Dialias	WLAN Indicator: Data is being transmitted.			
		Blinking	PPP Indicator: Null			
WLAN/P	Green	On	WLAN Indicator: Wi-Fi AP/Client is enabled.			
PP	Green	On	PPP Indicator: PPP connection is up.			
		Off.	WLAN Indicator: Wi-Fi AP/Client is disabled.			
		Off	PPP Indicator: PPP connection is down.			
USR	Croon	On/Blinking	VPN tunnel/PPPoE/DynDNS/GPS is up.			
USK	Green	Off	VPN tunnel/PPPoE/DynDNS/GPS is down.			
	Green	On	Signal level: 21-31 (Perfect signal level).			
	Yellow	On	Signal level: 11-20 (Average signal level).			
	Red	On	Signal level: 1-10 (Exceptional signal level).			
	Croon	Blinking	4G is connected but PPP connection is failed.			
	Green	On	4G is connected and PPP connection is established.			
	Vellerri	Blinking	3G is connected but PPP connection is failed.			
NET	Yellow	On	3G is connected and PPP connection is established.			
	Dad	Blinking	2G is connected but PPP connection is failed.			
	Red	On	2G is connected and PPP connection is established.			
	/	Off	Cannot register to any network.			
	Cross	Blinking	Only SIM 1 is detected, but PIN code is incorrect.			
SIM	Green	On	Working with SIM 1 normally.			
	V-II	Blinking	Only SIM 2 is detected, but PIN code is incorrect.			
	Yellow	On	Working with SIM 2 normally.			
	Green&Y	Blinking between	Two CIMe are detected but both of their DIN and a grain street			
	ellow	two colors	Two SIMs are detected, but both of their PIN codes are incorrect.			
	/	Off	No SIM inside.			

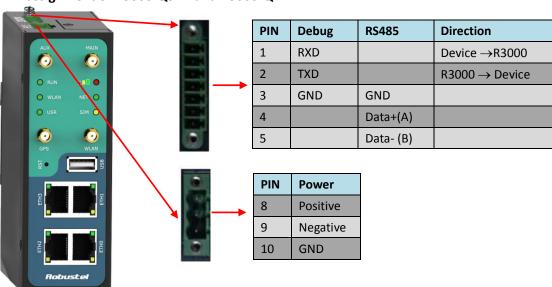
Note: User can select display status of USR LED. For details please refer to section 23.43.

2.2 PIN Assignment

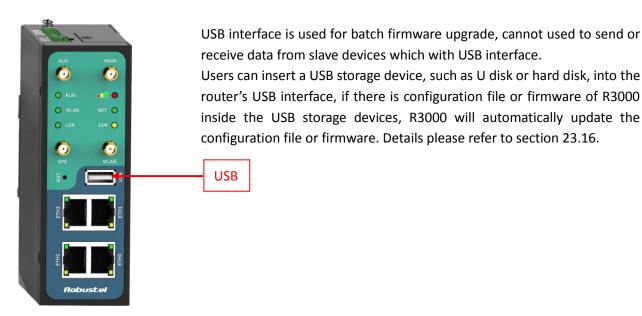
PIN assignment of R3000-Q3PA and R3000-Q4LA:



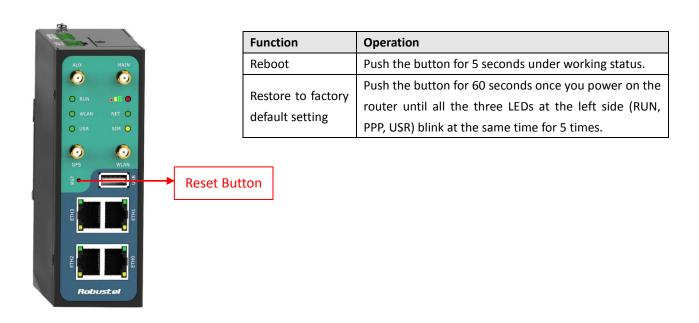
PIN assignment of R3000-Q3PB and R3000-Q4LB:



2.3 USB Interface



2.4 Reset Button



2.5 Ethernet Ports



Each Ethernet port has two LED indicators (please check the following picture). The yellow one is **Speed indicator** and the green one is **Link indicator**. There are three status of each indicator. For details please refer to the form below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Speed Indicator	Off	10 Mbps mode.
Speed Indicator	On	100 Mbps mode.
	Off	Connection is down.
Link Indicator	On	Connection is up.
	Blink	Data is being transmitted

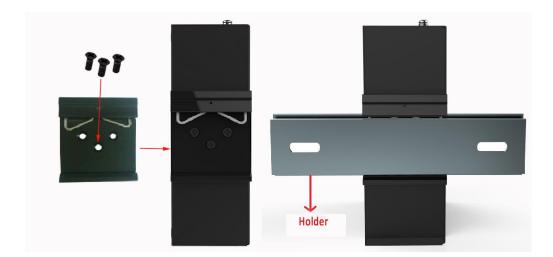
Ethernet Ports

2.6 Mount the Router

- Two ways of mounting the router
- Use 3 pcs of M3 screw to mount the router on the Wall mounting Kit.
 And then use 2 pcs of M3 screw to mount the Wall mounting Kit on the wall.



2. Mount the router on a DIN rail with 3 pcs of M3 screws, and then hang the DIN-Rail on the holder. You need to choose a standard holder.



2.7 Install SIM Card and Micro SD Card



• Inserting SIM Card or Micro SD Card

- 1. Make sure power supply is disconnected.
- 2. Use a screwdriver to unscrew the screw on the cover, and then remove the cover, you could find the SIM Card slots and the Micro SD slot.
- 3. Insert the SIM card or Micro SD card, and you need press the card with your fingers until you hear "a cracking sound". Then use a screwdriver to screw the cover.

Removing SIM Card or Micro SD Card

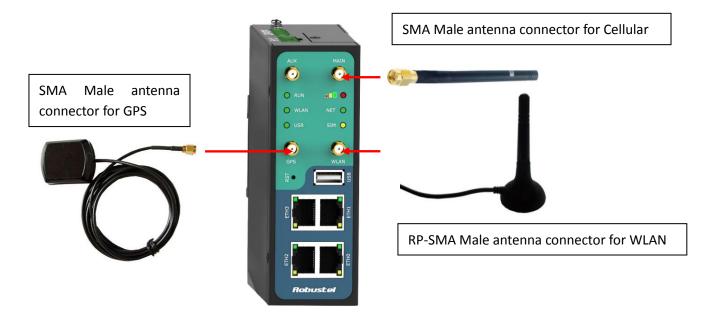
- 1. Make sure router is power off.
- 2. Press the card until you hear "a cracking sound", when the card will pop up to be pulled out.

Note:

- 1. Please use the specific M2M SIM card when the device works in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 0-40 $^{\circ}$ C), because the long-time working of regular SIM card in harsh environment(temperature exceeding 0-40 $^{\circ}$ C)may increase the possibility of SIM card failure.
- 2. Don't forget screw the cover for again-theft.
- 3. Don't touch the metal surface of the SIM card in case information in the card is lost or destroyed.
- 4. Don't bend or scratch your SIM card. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
- 5. Make sure router is power off before inserting or removing your SIM card or Micro SD card.

2.8 Connect the External Antenna

Connect router with an external antenna connector. Make sure the antenna is within correct frequency range and is screwed tightly.



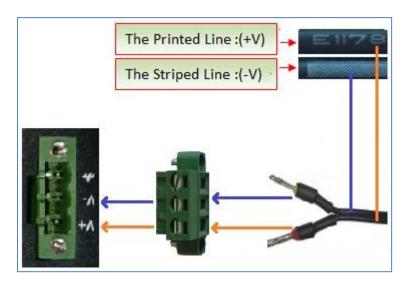
2.9 Ground the Router

Grounding and wire router helps limit the effects of noise due to electromagnetic interference (EMI). Run the ground connection from the ground by screwing to the grounding surface before connecting devices.



Note: This product is intended to be mounted to a well-grounded mounting surface, such as a metal panel.

2.10 Power Supply



The power supply range is 9 to 60 VDC.

Note: R3000 Quad supports reverse polarity protection, but please connect the power supply properly refer to the picture above. There are two lines connecting to the power supply adapter, as it illustrates on the power supply adapter label, the line printed with letters needs to be connected with the positive polarity, and the striped line needs to be connected with the negative polarity.

Chapter 3 Configuration Settings over Web Browser

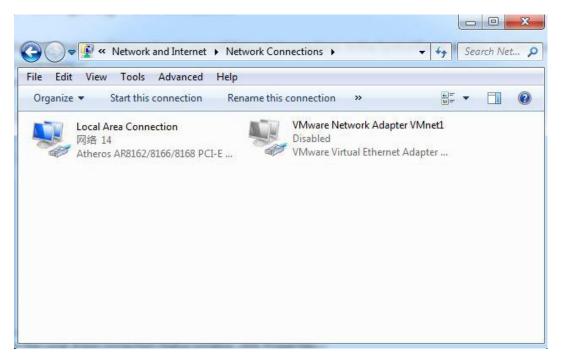
The router can be configured through your web browser that include IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration.

There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

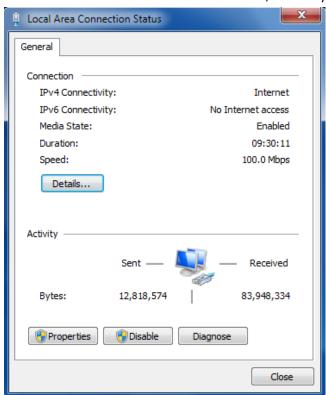
3.1 Configuring PC in Windows 7

The configuration for windows system is similar.

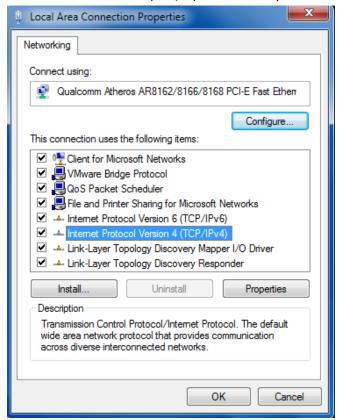
- 1. Go to Start / Control Panel (in Classic View). In the Control Panel, double-click Network Connections.
- 2. Double-click Local Area Connection.



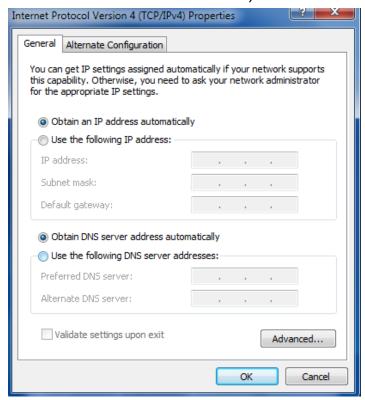
3. In the Local Area Connection Status window, click Properties.



4. Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click Properties.



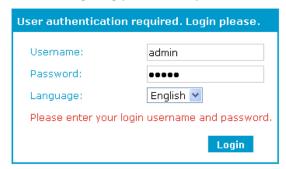
5. Select Obtain an IP address automatically and Obtain DNS server address automatically radio buttons.



6. Click OK to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

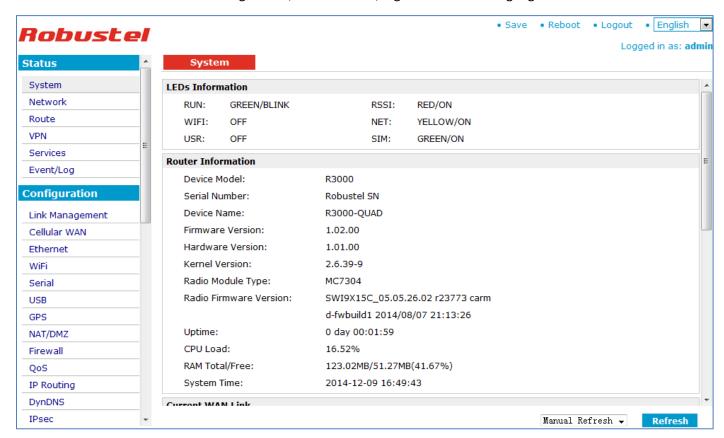
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.



Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
Eth0	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth1	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth2	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
Eth3	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled.

3.3 Control Panel

This section allows users to save configuration, reboot router, logout and select language.



Control Panel			
Item	Description	Button	
Save	Click to save the current configuration into router's flash.	• Save	
Reboot	After save the current configuration, router needs to be rebooted to make the modification taking effect.	• Reboot	
Logout	Click to return to the login page.	• Logout	
Language	Select from Chinese, English, German, French and Spanish.	• English 💌	
Refresh	Click to refresh the status.	Refresh	
Apply	Click to apply the modification on every configuration page.	Apply	
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on every configuration page.	Cancel	

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

- 1. Modify in one page;
- 2. Click Apply under this page;
- 3. Modify in another page;
- 4. Click Apply under this page;
- 5. Complete all modification;
- 6. Click Save ;
- 7. Click * Reboot

3.4 Status -> System

This section displays the router's system status, which shows you a number of helpful information such as the LEDs information, Router information, Current WAN Link and Cellular Information.

LEDs Information

For the detail description, please refer to 2.1LED Indicators.

LEDs Information

 RUN:
 GREEN/BLINK
 RSSI:
 RED/ON

 WIFI:
 OFF
 NET:
 YELLOW/ON

 USR:
 OFF
 SIM:
 GREEN/ON

R3000

Router Information Device Model:

Serial Number: Robustel SN

Device Name: R3000-QUAD

Firmware Version: 1.2.0

Hardware Version: 1.01.00
Kernel Version: 2.6.39-9
Radio Module Type: MC7304

Radio Firmware Version: SWI9X15C_05.05.26.02 r23773 carm

d-fwbuild1 2014/08/07 21:13:26

Uptime: 0 day 00:01:59

CPU Load: 16.52%

RAM Total/Free: 123.02MB/51.27MB(41.67%)

System Time: 2014-12-09 16:49:43

Router Information		
Item	Description	
Device Model	Show the model name of this device	
Serial Number	Show the serial number of this device	
Device Name	Show the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed.	
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version	
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version	
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version	
Radio Module Type	Show the current radio module type	
Radio Firmware Version	Show the current radio firmware version	
Uptime	Show how long the router have been working since power on	
CPU Load	Show the current CPU load	
RAM Total/Free	Show the total capacity /Free capacity of RAM	
System Time	Show the current system time	

Current WAN Link

Current WAN Link: Cellular

IP Address: 10.160.6.158

Gateway: 10.160.6.157

NetMask: 255.255.255

DNS Server: 210.21.4.130, 221.5.88.88

Keepalive PING IP Address: 8.8.8.8, 8.8.4.4

Keepalive PING Interval: 30

Current WAN Link		
Item	Description	
Current WAN Link	Show the current WAN link: Cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.	
IP Address	Show the current WAN IP address	
Gateway	Show the current gateway	
NetMask	Show the current netmask	
DNS Server	Show the current primary DNS server and Secondary server	
Keeping PING IP Address	Show the current ICMP detection server which you can set in "Configuration->Link	
	Management".	
Keeping PING Interval	Show the ICMP Detection Interval (s) which you can set in "Configuration->Link	
	Management".	

Cellular Information

Current SIM: SIM1

Phone No.:

SMS Service Center: 8613010200500

Modem Status: Ready

Network Status: Registered to home network

Signal Level (RSSI): (21,-71DB)

PLMN: 46001 (LAC: / Cell ID:)

Network Service Type: 3G UMTS

IMEI/ESN: 356853050207861 IMSI: 460012054011892

USB Status: Ready

Cellular Information		
Item	Description	
Current SIM	Show the SIM card which the router work with currently: SIM1 or SIM2	
Phone No.	Show the phone number of the current SIM.	
SMS Service Center	Show the SMS Service Center.	
	Show the status of modem. There are 8 different status:	
	1. Unknown.	
	2. Ready.	
	3. Checking AT.	
Modem Status	4. Need PIN.	
	5. Need PUK.	
	6. Signal level is low.	
	7. No registered.	
	8. Initialize APN failed.	
	Show the current network status. There are 6 different status:	
	1. Not registered, ME is currently not searching for new operator!	
	2. Registered to home network.	
Network Status	3. Not registered, but ME is currently searching for a new operator.	
	4. Registration denied.	
	5. Registered, roaming.	
	6. Unknown.	
Signal Level (RSSI)	Show the current signal level.	
PLMN	Show Mobile Country Code (MCC) +Mobile Network Code (MNC), e.g. 46001.	
PLIVIN	Also it will show the Location Area Code (LAC) and Cell ID.	
Network Service Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.	
IMEI/ESN	Show the IMEI/ESN number of the radio module.	
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.	
USB Status	Show the current status of USB host.	

3.5 Status -> Network

This section displays the router's Network status, which include status of Cellular WAN, ETHO, WLAN (AP mode)/WLAN (Client mode), DHCP and Device List.

Cellular WAN

 Connection Status:
 Connected

 Connect Time:
 0 day 00:15:02

 IP Address:
 10.129.127.216

 Gateway:
 10.129.127.217

 Primary DNS Server:
 210.21.4.130

 Secondary DNS Server:
 221.5.88.88

LAN

IP Address: 172.16.3.1

MAC Address: 00:ff:74:46:dc:e1

MTU: 1500

NetMask: 255.255.0.0

Note: Cellular WAN information will not be shown if you select "Eth0" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->" Link Management Settings" -> "Primary Interface".

WiFi

MAC Address: 00:23:a7:41:21:a4

SSID: Router_AP

Mode: AP

WPA State: Completed

Note: This information will be shown when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode.

WiFi WAN

 Connection Mode:
 Dhcp Client

 IP Address:
 192.168.199.125

 MAC Address:
 00:23:a7:25:23:27

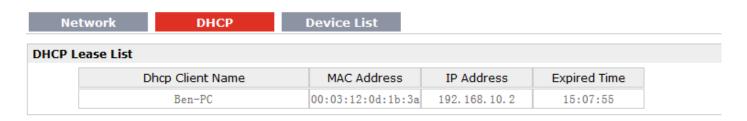
 Gateway:
 192.168.199.1

 NetMask:
 255.255.255.0

 Primary DNS Server:
 192.168.199.1

 Secondary DNS Server:
 0.0.0.0

Note: This information will be shown when R3000 enable WLAN and works as Client mode.



Device	Device List			
	Interface	MAC Address	IP Address	
	eth0	02:50:f3:00:00:00	10.185.202.121	
	lan0	f8:a9:63:bc:dc:32	172.16.1.59	

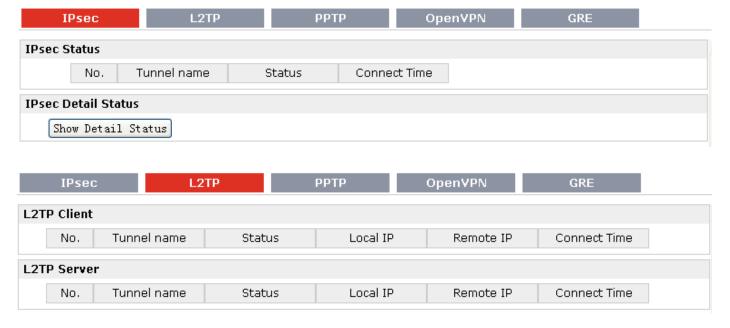
3.6 Status -> Route

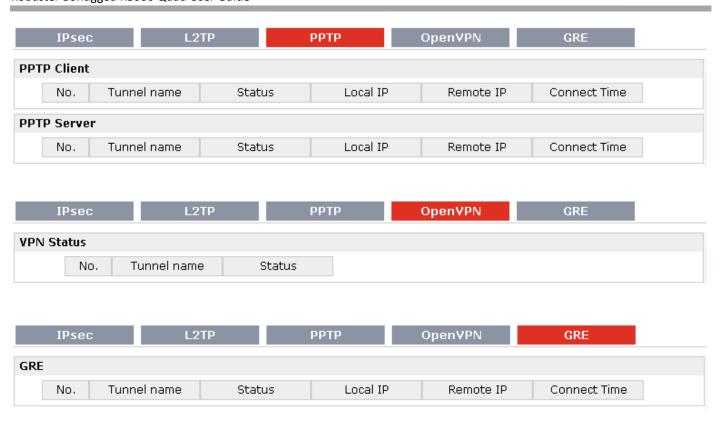
This section displays the router's route table.

Route T	able				
	Destination	NetMask	Gateway	Interface	Metric
	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.185.202.121	eth0	0
	10.185.202.120	255.255.255.252	0.0.0.0	eth0	0
	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0

3.7 Status -> VPN

This section displays the router's VPN status, which includes IPSec, L2TP, PPTP, OpenVPN and GRE.





3.8 Status -> Services

This section displays the router's Services' status, including VRRP, DynDNS and Serial.



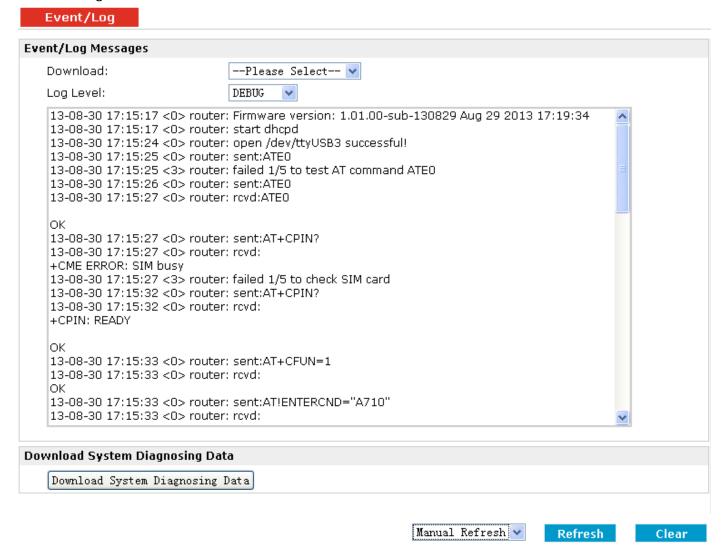
3.9 Status -> Channels

This section displays the status of router's channels.

Channels Channel Name Tag Value Status CSQ -113 Connection Status disconnect

3.10 Status -> Event/Log

This section displays the router's event/log information. You need to enable router to output the log and select the log level first, then you can view the log information here. Also you can click *Download System Diagnosing Data* to download diagnose data.

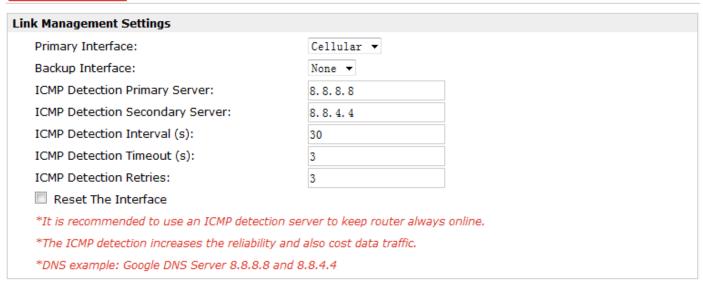


Event/Log		
Item	Description	
Download	Select the log messages you want to download.	
Log Level	Select the Log level in the drop-down menu: DEBUG, INFO, NOTICE, WARNING, ERR,	
	CRIT, ALERT, EMERG.	
Download Sytem	Click Download System Diagnosing Data to download diagnose file.	
Diagnosing Data	Click Download System Diagnosing Data to download diagnose file.	
Manual Refresh	Select from "5 Seconds", "10 Seconds", "15 Seconds", "30 Seconds" and "1 Minute".	
	User can select these intervals to refresh the log information.	

3.11 Configuration -> Link Management

This section allows users to set the WAN link and the related parameters.

Link Management



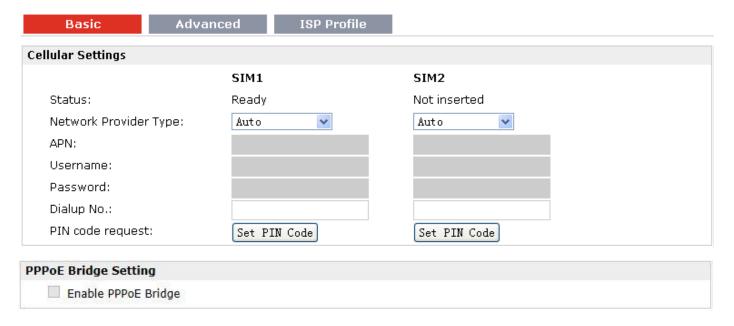
Link Management		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Interface	Selected from "Cellular", "Eth0", "WiFi".	
	1. Cellular: Select to make cellular as the primary WAN link.	Callular
	2. Eth0: Select to make Eth0 as the primary WAN link.	Cellular
	3. WiFi: Select to make WiFi as the primary WAN link.	
	Selected from "None", "Eth0", "WiFi".	
	1. None: Do not select backup interface.	
Backup Interface	2. Cellular: Select Cellular as the backup WAN link.	None
	3. Eth0: Select Eth0 as the backup WAN link.	
	4. WiFi: Select WiFi as the backup WAN link.	
ICMP Detection Primary	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the	Null

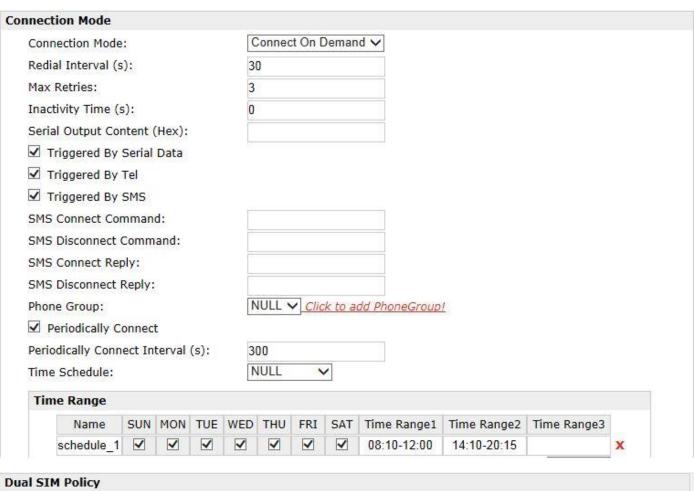
Server	current connectivity is active.		
ICMP Detection	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the	Null	
Secondary Server	current connectivity is active.	ivuli	
ICMP Detection Interval	Set the ping interval.	Null	
ICMP Detection Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	30	
ICMP Detection Retries	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously for Max	2	
	Retries time, it will consider that the connection has been lost.	3	
Decet The Interfere	Enable to reset the cellular/ETH0 interface after the max ICMP detection	2	
Reset The Interface	retries.	3	

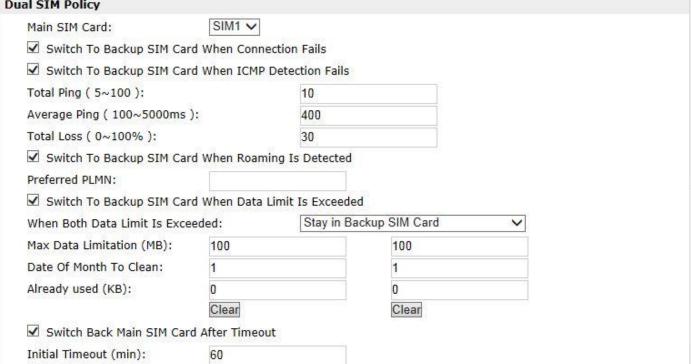
3.12 Configuration -> Cellular WAN

This section allows users to set the Cellular WAN and the related parameters.

Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "Eth0 Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".







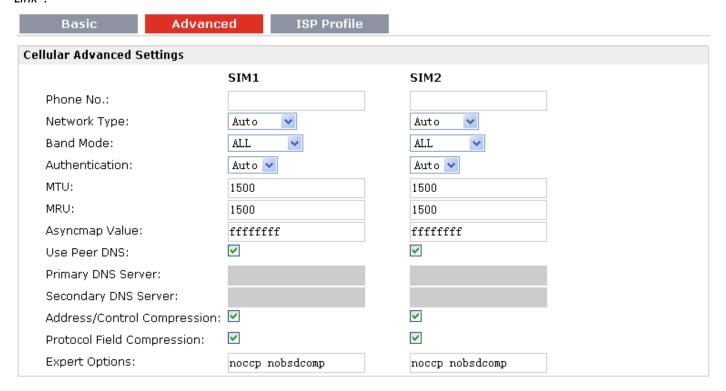
	Basic @Cellular WAN	
Item	Description	Default
	Cellular Settings	
Status	There are the possible statuses of cellular SIM card. "Inserted", "Ready", "Need SIM PIN", "Need SIM PUK", "Check SIM error", "Input PIN Code error", "Input PUK Code error", "Poor signal", "Registration fails", "initializing APN fails", "Linkup fails";	/
Network Provider Type	"Not inserted" Select from "Auto", "Custom" or the ISP name you preset in "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"ISP Profile". Auto: Router will get the ISP information from SIM card, and set the APN, username and password automatically. This option only works when the SIM card is from well-known ISP. Custom: Users need to set the APN, username and password manually.	Auto
APN	Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Username	User Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup No.	Dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#
PIN Type	Select from "None", "Input", "Lock", "Unlock". None: Select when SIM card does not enable PIN lock or PUK lock. Input: Select when SIM card has enabled with PIN lock or PUK lock. Correct PIN/PUK code need to be entered. Lock: Select when user needs to lock the SIM card with PIN or PUK code. Unlock: Select when user needs to unlock the SIM card with PIN or PUK code. Note: Please ask your local GSM ISP to see whether your SIM card requiring PIN or not. If you want to change with a new PIN code, you need to input new PIN code in item "New PIN Code" and "Confirm New PIN Code".	None
	You can go to tab "Status" -> "Event/Log" and find out "AT+CPIN?" to check what the status of the SIM card is. PPPoE Bridge Setting	
Enable PPPoE Bridge	PPPoE Bridge uses PPPoE to pass the IP address (and DNS server) that has been assigned to R3000's PPP interface by an ISP, to a PPPoE client which connect to R3000's LAN port.	

	Note: In PPPoE Bridge mode, Port Forwarding and DMZ will be unavailable	
	because packets received for the PPP interface are delivered directly to the	
	Ethernet interface. Similarly, packets received for the Ethernet interface are	
	sent to the PPP interface.	
	Connection Mode	
	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect On Demand".	
	Always Online: Auto activates PPP and keeps the link up after power on.	_
	Connect On Demand: After selection this option, user could configure	Connect
Connection Mode	Triggered by Serial Data, Triggered by Periodically Connect and Triggered by	On
	Time Schedule.	Demand
	Note : If you select several connect on demand polices, router only have to	
	meet one of them to be triggered.	
Redial Interval	Router will automatically re-dial with this interval when it fails	30
	communicating to peer via TCP or UDP.	
	The maximum retries times for automatically re-connect when router fails	
	to dial up.	
Max Retries	After maximum retries, router will reboot the wireless module. If router still	3
IVIAX NEUTES	cannot dial up successfully, it will try to switch to the other SIM card. Then	3
	router will re-connect with the other SIM card with maximum retries.	
	After successful connection, the Max Retries counter will be set to 0.	
	Configurable after "Connect On Demand" was selected.	
In a ctivity Time	This field specifies the idle time setting for GPRS/3G auto-disconnection and	
Inactivity Time	trying to revert back to preferred SIM card.	0
	0 means timeless.	
Codel O. Lea I. Control	The content which output to the serial device which connect to router and	A. II
Serial Output Content	inform it that router is ready to receive serial data.	Null
Trianguad by Carial Data	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Frabla
Triggered by Serial Data	network from idle mode when there is data comes out from serial port.	Enable
Triangue d by Tal	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Disalala
Triggered by Tel	network from idle mode when make a voice call to router.	Disable
Triangue de les CNAS	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Diaglel
Triggered by SMS	network from idle mode when send a specific SMS to router.	Disable
SNAS Comment C	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to connect to cellular	NI II
SMS Connect Command	network.	Null
SMS Disconnect	Users shall send this specific SMS to trigger router to disconnect to cellular	N
Command	network.	Null
SNAS Communication of the state	When router connects to cellular network, it will automatically send out this	N
SMS Connect Reply	SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).	Null
C1.40 B:	When router disconnect from cellular network, it will automatically send out	
SMS Disconnect Reply	this SMS to specific users (set in the Phone Group).	Null
	Click to add Phone Group to Set specific users' phone Book and which	
Phone Group	phone Group they are belonged to.	Null
Periodically Connect	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Enable
and any confidence	The state of the s	1

	network with preset interval which you preset in <i>Periodically Connect Interval</i> .	
Periodically Connect Interval	Periodically Connect Interval for Periodically Connect.	300
Time Schedule	Select the Time Range to allow router automatically connects to cellular network during this time range.	NULL
Time Range	Adding the Time Range for Time Schedule. You can set the days of one week and at most three ranges of time of one day.	Null
	Dual SIM Policy	
Main SIM Card	Set the preferred SIM card from SIM 1, SIM 2 or Auto.	SIM1
Switch to backup SIM card when connection fails	Router will switch to another SIM card if main SIM card fail to connect to network.	Disable
Switch To Backup SIM Card When ICMP Detection Fails	Router will switch to another SIM if ICMP detection fails. Router will determine if the ICMP detection fails according the follow preset conditions: Total Ping, Average Ping and Total Loss. User also need to preset "ICMP Detection server" and "ICMP Detection Interval" in "Configuration"->"Link Management". Note: This item only can be shown when user select "Cellular" as primary interface and "None" for backup interface in "Link management" setting.	Disable
Total Ping	Preset the total amount of Ping detection each time.	10
Average Ping	Preset the average time consumption for each ping detection. If it's larger than the preset value, router will switch the SIM.	400
Total Loss	Preset the percent of the loss Ping loss. If it's larger than the preset value, router will switch the SIM.	30
Switch to backup SIM card when roaming is detected	Router will switch to backup SIM card when preferred SIM card is roaming.	Disable
Preferred PLMN	The identifier for Router to check if it is in home location area or in roaming area, and decide if it needs to switch back to preferred SIM card.	Null
Switch to backup SIM card when data limit is exceeded	If the SIM card that the router worked with currently has reached the data traffic limitation you preset, it will switch to the other SIM card.	Disable
When Both Data Limit Is Exceeded	Select the router's reaction when both data limit is exceeded. Select from "Stay in Backup SIM card", "Switch Back Main SIM Card" and "Disable Cellular Until Data Is Cleared".	Stay in Backup SIM card
Max Data limitation(MB)	Set the monthly data traffic limitation.	100
Date of Month to Clean	Set one day of month to restore the used data to 0.	1
Already used	This tab will show how many data traffic has been used.	0
Switch back Main SIM card after timeout(min)	Enable to Switch back Main SIM card after the Initial timeout.	Disable

Initial Timeout(min) Set the initial timeout. 60

Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "Eth0 Only" in "Configuration"->"Link Management"->"WAN Link".



	Advanced @Cellular WAN	
Item	Description	Default
	Set the SIM card's phone number, and it will be showed in	
	"Status"->"System"->"System"->"Cellular WAN Information"-"SIM Phone	
Phone No.	Number".	Null
	In general, you don't need to set this number because router will read it	
	from the SIM card automatically.	
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP" and "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
NATIL	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1500
MTU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1500
IVIKU	packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
Acunoman Value	One of the PPP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify	1
Asyncmap Value	this value.	1
Use Peer DNS	Enable to obtain the DNS server's address from the ISP.	Enable
Duiman DNC Comica	Set the primary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if you	NI. II
Primary DNS Server	enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null
Cocondon, DNC Con.c.	Set the secondary DNS server's address. This item will be unavailable if	Ned
Secondary DNS Server	you enable "Use Peer DNS".	Null
Address/Control	Head for DDD initialization in general year pool to enable it and default	Frable
Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable

Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp

ISP Profile

This section allow users to preset some ISP profiles which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".



	ISP Profile @Cellular WAN	
Item	Description	Default
ISP	Input the ISP's name which will be shown in the selection list of "Configuration"->"Cellular WAN"->"Network Provider Type".	Null
APN, Username, Password, Dialup No.	All these parameters were provided by the ISP.	Null

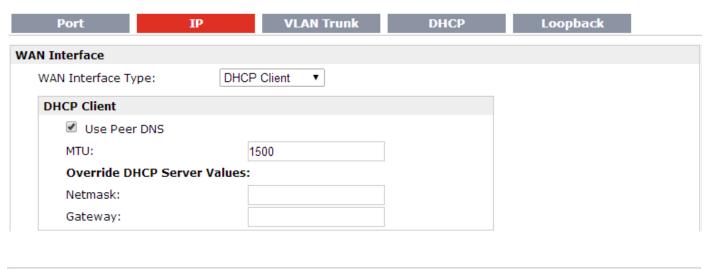
3.13 Configuration -> Ethernet

R3000 Quad router has four Ethernets, and Ethernet 0 can be configured as LAN or WAN interface, other Ethernets only can be configured as LAN interface.

This section allows users to configure the Ethernet parameters.



	Port	
Item	Description	Default
Network Interface	Include Ethernet 0~3.	/
Assigned To	Set the Ethernet as WAN or LAN interface. Select from "LAN0~3", "DMZ", "WAN". Only Ethernet 0 can be configured as WAN, only Ethernet can be configured as DMZ, and all the Ethernet can be configured as LAN.	LAN0
VLAN	Select "VLAN0"~"VLAN3".	VLAN1
Media Type	Select from "Auto-negotiation", "10Mbps Half Duplex", "10Mbps Full Duplex", "100Mbps Half Duplex", "100Mbps Full Duplex".	Auto-negotiat ion
Enable	Click to enable the Ethernet port.	Enable





PPPoE (ADSL)	
Username:	
Password:	
Connection Mode:	Always Online ▼
Redial Interval (s):	30
Retries:	3
Show Advanced Options	
Service Name:	
Local IP Address:	
Remote IP Address:	
Authentication:	Auto ▼
Use Peer DNS	
 Address/Control Compression 	on
 Protocol Field Compression 	
Asyncmap Value:	fffffff
MTU:	1492
MRU:	1500
Link Detection Interval (s):	60
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	nodeflate nobsdcomp novj novjccomp noccp

	IP	
Item	Description	Default
WAN Interface	Select from "DHCP Client", "Static IP", "PPPoE (ADSL)".	DHCP Client
	DHCP Client@WAN	
Use Peer DNS	Click to enable use peer DNS function, so that the router can obtain DHCP server's DNS address automatically.	Disable
Primary/Secondary DNS	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will	Nivill
Server	obtain from DHCP server.	Null
MTU, Netmask, gateway	Set the MTU, Netmask and gateway.	Null
	Static IP@WAN	
IP Address, Netmask, Gateway, MTU, Primary/Secondary DNS Server	Set the static IP and related parameters for router which can access the Internet.	Null
	PPPoE (ADSL)	
Username, password	Enter the PPPoE username and password which were provided from ISP.	Null
Connection Mode	Select from "Always Online" and "Connect On Demand".	Connect On

	Always Online: Auto activates PPP and keeps the link up after power on.	Demand
	Connect On Demand: After selection this option, user could configure	Demana
	Triggered by Serial Data, Triggered by Periodically Connect and	
	Triggered by Time Schedule.	
	Note : If you select several connect on demand polices, router only have	
	to meet one of them to be triggered.	
	Router will automatically re-dial with this interval when it fails	
Redial Interval	communicating to peer via TCP or UDP.	30
Datrice	The maximum retries times for automatically re-connect when router	3
Retries	fails to dial up.	3
	After successful connection, the Max Retries counter will be set to 0.	
	Configurable after "Connect On Demand" was selected.	
Inactivity Time	This field specifies the idle time setting for internet auto-disconnection.	0
	0 means timeless.	
Serial Output Content	The content which output to the serial device which connect to router	Null
	and inform it that router is ready to receive serial data.	-
Triggered by Serial Data	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	Enable
	network from idle mode when there is data comes out from serial port.	2.10010
	Tick this check box to allow router automatically connects to cellular	
Periodically Connect	network with preset interval which you preset in <i>Periodically Connect</i>	Enable
	Interval.	
Periodically Connect Interval	Periodically Connect Interval for Periodically Connect.	300
	Select the Time Range to allow router automatically connects to cellular	
Time Schedule	network during this time range.	Null
	Adding the Time Range for Time Schedule. You can set the days of one	
Time Range	week and at most three ranges of time of one day.	Null
	Show Advanced Options	
Service Name	Specify a PPPoE server's name. In general, can be not specified.	Null
	Specify a PPPoE server, and it will assign IP address for router.	
Local IP Address	Enter the router's IP address in this item.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter the PPPoE server's IP address. In general, can be not specified.	Null
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP" according to the ISP.	Auto
	Click to enable this function; The router will automatically obtain the	710.00
Use Peer DNS	DNS server's IP address from ISP.	Enable
Address/Control	Die server sin address nom ist.	
Compression	Used for PPPOE initialization. Recommend default to disable.	Disable
Protocol Field		
Compression	Used for PPPOE initialization. Recommend default to disable.	Disable
Asyncmap Value	Used for PPPOE initialization. Recommend default to disable.	ffffffff
Asymomap value		
MTU	Maximum transmission unit. Set the MTU to allow the maximum length data packet to transmit.	1500
MRU	Maximum Receive unit.	1500
	1	

	Set the MRU to allow the maximum length data packet to receive.	
Link Detection Interval (s)	Set the interval to detect the link if is disconnected.	60
Link Detection Max	If it had detected the link is disconnected, router will retry to connect	г
Retries	the internet. Please set the maximum retry times in this field.	5
Evenant Ontions	Enter the some other PPP initialization string in this field. Each string	посср
Expert Options	separated by Spaces.	nobsdcomp

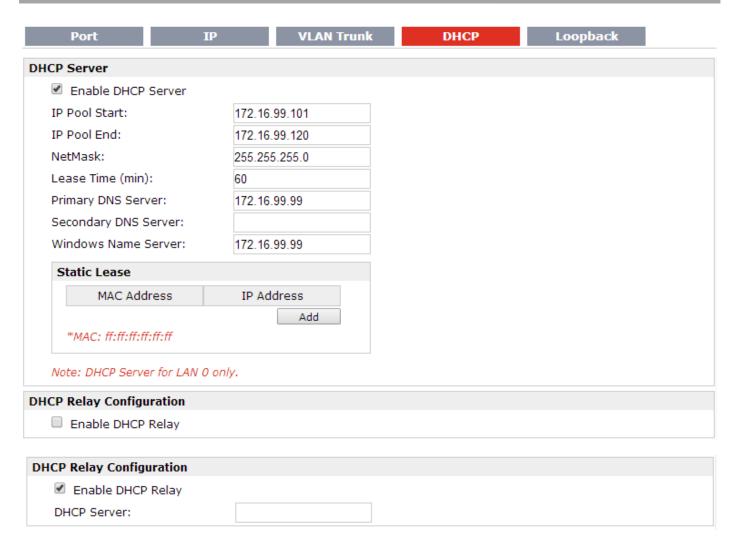
LAN	Setting			
	Name	IP Address	NetMask	MTU
	LAN 0	172.16.99.99	255.255.0.0	1500
	LAN 1	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	1500
	LAN 2	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	1500
	LAN 3	192.168.3.1	255.255.255.0	1500
	DMZ	192.168.4.1	255.255.255.0	1500

Multiple IP Address				
	IP Address NetMask			
		Add		
	Note: These parameters for LAN 0 only.			

LAN Setting				
Item	Default			
Name , IP Address ,	This section allow user to set the IP for LAN1~3 and DMZ.			
Netmask , MTU	Also allow to set the related parameters.	/		
Multiple IP Address				
IP Address, Netmask	Add the multiple IP for LANO, the maximum number of IP address is 5.	Null		
ir Address, Netillask	These parameters for LAN 0 only.	INUII		



VLAN Trunk				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable VLAN Trunk Click to enable the VLAN Trunk. The router can be packing or unpacking the VLAN tag.		Disable		
VLAN ID	Set the VLAN ID, the maximum number of VLAN in router is 8.	Null		
IP Address, Netmask	Set the IP address and Netmask of the VLAN.	Null		

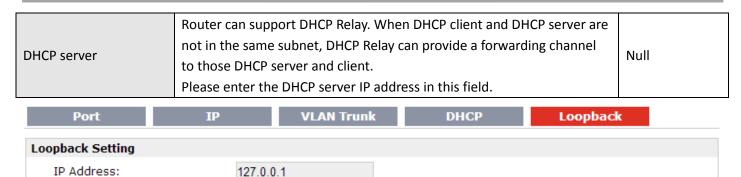


DHCP				
Item	Item Description			
Enable DHCP Server	Enable to make router can lease IP address to DHCP clients which	Disable		
Ellable DHCP Server	connect to Eth0.	Disable		
IP Pool Start, IP Pool	Define the beginning (IP Pool Start) and end (IP Pool End) of the pool of	Null		
End	IP addresses which will lease to DHCP clients.	Null		
Netmask	Define the Netmask which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	Null		
ivetiliask	server.	Null		
Lease Time	Define the time which the client can use the IP address which obtained	60		
Lease Time	from DHCP server.	00		
Primary/Secondary	Define the primary/secondary DNS Server which the DHCP clients will	Null		
DNS Server	obtain from DHCP server.	Null		
Windows Name Server	Define the WINS Server which the DHCP clients will obtain from DHCP	Null		
Williaows Name Server	server.	Null		
Static Lease	Define to lease static IP Addresses, which conform to MAC Address of	Null		
Static Lease	the connected equipment.	INGII		
DHCP Relay				

NetMask:

Muti-IP Setting

IP Address



255.0.0.0

NetMask

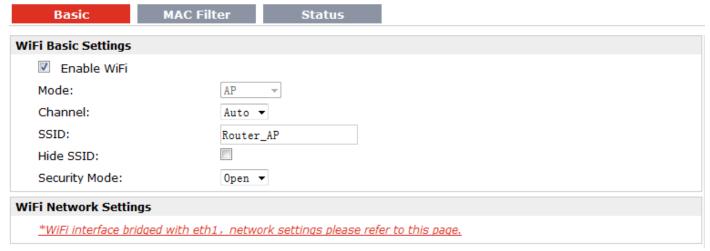
address and netmask in this list.

Add

	Loopback	
Item	Description	Default
IP Address	Loopback is a virtual interface, we usually set it IP as 127.0.0.1.	127.0.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask for loopback	255.0.0.0
Muti-IP Setting	R3000 Quad can support multiple loopback interface, please set the IP	Null

3.14 Configuration -> WiFi

This section allows users to set parameters of WiFi.



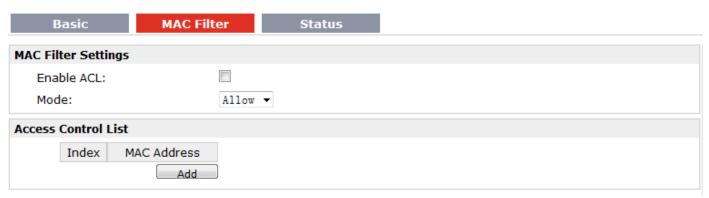
Note: when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode

Basic	Status
WiFi Basic Settings	
Enable WiFi	
Mode:	Client w
Channel:	Auto ▼
SSID:	Router_AP Scan
Hide SSID:	
Security Mode:	Open ▼
WiFi Network Setting	js
IP Configuration:	DHCP Client ▼
Use Peer DNS	
Override DHCP S	erver Values:
Netmask:	
Gateway:	

Note: when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as Client mode

Basic @ WiFi				
Item	Description	Default		
Enable WiFi	Click to enable WiFi feature.	Null		
Mode	This item will show "AP" and "Client", cannot be configured. AP: In a wireless local area network (WLAN), an access point is a station that transmits and receives data. When R3000 is wanted to work as "AP" mode, please go to tab "Configuration" -> "Link Management" -> "Primary Interface" to select "Cellular" or "Eth0" as WAN link. Client: When R3000 works as Client mode, it can be used as an Ethernet-to-wireless (or LAN-to-WLAN) network adaptor. For example, a notebook computer equipped with an Ethernet adaptor but no wireless card can be connected to the router with an Ethernet cable to provide wireless connectivity to another AP. When R3000 is wanted to work as "Client" mode, please go to tab "Configuration" -> "Link Management" -> "Primary Interface" to select "WiFi" as WAN link.	Null		
Channel	Select the frequency channel, which includes "Auto", "1", "2" "13". Auto: R3000 will scan all frequencies until it finds one with an available access point or wireless network it can join. 1~13: R3000 will be fixed to work with this channel. SSID (service set identifier) is the network name of the WLAN. The SSID	Auto		
SSID	of a client and the SSID of the AP must be identical for the client and AP to be able to communicate with each other. When R3000 works as Client mode, enter SSID of the access point which R3000 want to connect. Input from 1 to 31 characters.	Router_AP		

	When R3000 works as AP mode, after clicking this check box R3000 will not broadcast the SSID. Other wireless devices cannot discover this access point automatically. User need to enter the SSID manually to let	
Hide SSID	their wireless devices join this access point.	Disable
	When R3000 works as Client mode and need to connect to any access	
	point which has ensconced SSID, you need to enter this SSID manually	
	in tab "SSID" and then click "Hide SSID".	
	Select from "Open", "WPA", "WPA2" and "WEP". Open: No authentication. For security reasons, you should NOT set	
	security mode to Open System, since authentication and data	
	encryption are NOT performed in Open System mode.	
	WPA/WPA2: Personal versions of WPA/WPA2 (Wi-Fi Protected Access),	
	also known as WPA/WPA-PSK (Pre-Shared Key), provide a simple way of	
Security mode	encrypting a wireless connection for high confidentiality. WPA2 is a	Open
	stronger security feature than WPA.	
	WEP: Wired Equivalent Privacy, provide encryption for wireless device's	
	data transmission.	
	Note : R3000 supports WPA/WPA2 Personal version, not enterprise	
	version.	
	Select from "TKIP" and "CCMP (AES)".	
	TKIP: Temporal Key Integrity Protocol (TKIP) encryption is used over the	
	wireless link. TKIP encryption can be used with WPA-PSK and WPA with	
Encryption	802.1x authentication.	CCMP (AES)
	CCMP (AES): CCMP (AES) encryption is used over the wireless link.	
	CCMP can be used WPA-PSK and WPA with 802.1x authentication.	
	Note : CCMP (AES) is a stronger encryption algorithm than TKIP.	
	When R3000 works as AP mode, enter Master key to generate keys for	
	encryption. A Passphrase is used as a basis for encryption methods (or	
	cipher types) in a WLAN connection. The passphrases should be	
	complicated and as long as possible. For security reasons, this	
Passphrase	passphrase should only be disclosed to users who need it, and it should	Null
	be changed regularly.	
	When R3000 works as Client mode, enter access point's passphrase	
	which it wants to connect to.	
	Input from 8 to 63 characters.	
Key Renewal Interval(s)	Enter the time period of group key renewal.	3600
	Note: Only for AP mode. When B2000 works as AB mode. Click to link to page "Eth1" to shock	
	When R3000 works as AP mode, Click to link to page "Eth1" to check	
WiFi Network Settings	the network settings, WiFi interface bridged with eth1 this time. When R3000 works as Client mode, this item is used to do IP	Null
	configuration of access point.	
	comiguration of access point.	



Note: Available when R3000 enable WiFi feature and works as AP mode

Mac Filter @ WiFi (Only for AP mode)				
Enable ACL	Click to enable ACL (Access Control List).			
	Select from "Allow" and "Deny".			
	Allow: Only the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List"			
	can be allowed.			
Mode	Deny: All the packets fitting the entities of the "Access Control List" will	Allow		
	be denied.			
	Note: R3000 can only allow or deny devices which are included in			
	"Access Control List" at one time.			
Access Control List	Click "Add" to add MAC address.	Null		

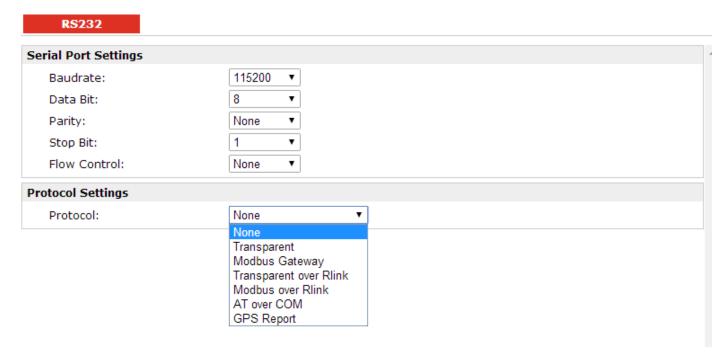
Basic	MAC Filter	Statu	IS		
Status					
BSSID:					
SSID:					
Mode:					
Key Management	t:				
Cipher Pairwise:					
Cipher Group:					
WPA State:					
Address:					
Associated Clients					
Index	BSSID	IP Address			

Status @ WiFi			
DCCID	Show MAC address of R3000's WiFi interface or the access point which	Null	
BSSID	R3000 connects to.	Null	
CCID	Show SSID of R3000's WiFi interface or the access point which R3000	Null	
SSID	connects to.	Null	

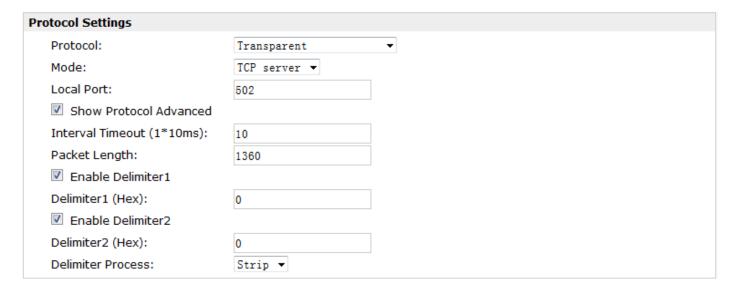
Mode	Show current mode of R3000: AP or Client.	Null
Key Management	Show current security mode of R3000 or the access point which R3000 connects to.	
Cipher Pairwise	Show current encryption algorithm of R3000 or the access point which	Null
Cipher Group	R3000 connects to.	Null
WPA State	Show current WPA status. Mainly there are 5 statuses: Disconnected, Scanning, Initializing, Associated, 4way_handshark, Completed. Disconnected: Not associated or connected with any access point, perhaps because the wireless device has not fully initialized, is out of range, or the wireless interface is disconnected because the Ethernet interface is enabled. Scanning: Searching for a wireless network (access point) for connection. Initializing: R3000 is setting up initial wireless environment. Associated: This state is entered when the driver reports that association has been successfully completed with an AP, but still waiting for authentication. 4way_handshark: This state is entered when WPA/WPA2 4-Way Handshake is started. When Passphrase do not match, it will show this status. Completed: The wireless connection of R3000 and other wireless devices are established.	Null
Address	Show the MAC address of R3000's WiFi interface.	Null
Associated Clients @ AP mode	Show current associated wireless client devices' BSSID and IP address.	Null
Scan Results @ Client mode	Show current scan results of any wireless network (access point), such as SSID, Channel, Signal Level, Flags (the security mode and encryption algorithm flags of access point).	Null

3.15 Configuration -> Serial

This section allows users to set the serial (RS232 or RS485) parameters.



• When Select Protocol "Transparent":



When Select Protocol "Modbus gateway":



When Select Protocol "Transparent Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	Transparent Over Rlink ▼	
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10	

• When Select Protocol "Modbus Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings			
Protocol:	Modbus Over Rlink		
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave		

• When Select Protocol "AT Over COM":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	AT Over COM 🕶	
Display all com (Note enable	e this function will disable cellular WAN.)	
COM Name:	/dev/ttyS1 ✓	

When Select Protocol "GPS Report":

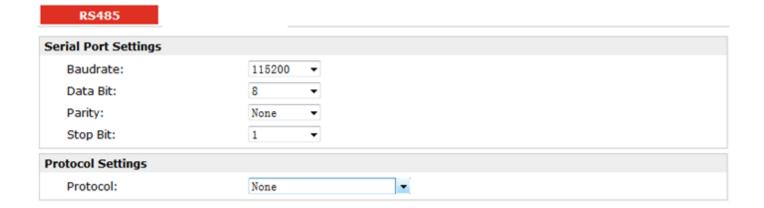
Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	GPS Report	

RS232 @ Serial			
Item	Description		
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400",	115200	
Dadu-Tate	"57600" , "115200"and "230400".	113200	
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8	
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None	
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1	
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" and "Hardware".		
Protocol	 Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus gateway", "Transparent Over Rlink", "Modbus Over Rlink" "AT Over COM" and "GPS Report". None: Router will do nothing in RS232 serial port. Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus gateway: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and vice versa. Transparent Over Rlink: Router will send all data from RS232 serial port to Robustlink, then Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site. Modbus Over Rlink: Router will translate all data from RS232 serial port to 	None	

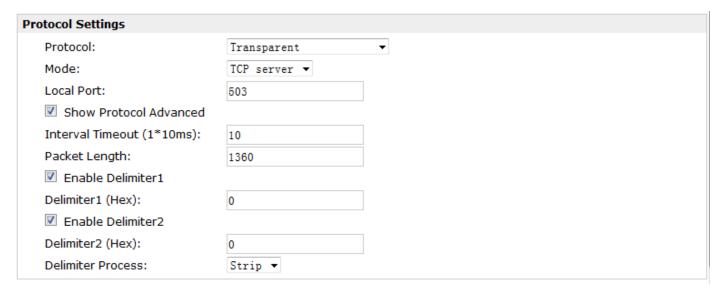
	note offer the second to the second	
	Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site.	
	6. AT Over COM: select to operate router via RS232 COM port. For example,	
	enter AT commands to router via RS232 COM port.	
	7. GPS Report: select to enable router to output GPS status data through RS232	
	port.	
	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	
	TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server.	
Mode @Transparent	Server address supports both IP and domain name.	TCP
ivioue @ fransparent	TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from	Client
	TCP client.	
	UDP: Router works as UDP client.	
Local Port	Enter the Level nort for TCD or UDD	0
@Transparent	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0
	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and	
Multiple Server	port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to	
@Transparent	serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port.	None
	Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	
show Protocol		
Advanced @	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.	Disable
Transparent		
	This item will show up when you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000 Quad, it means	
Local IP @	serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received	
Transparent	via VPN tunnel.	Null
·	Note : when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	
	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular	
Interval Timeout	WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field.	
@Transparent	Note : Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings	10
	even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	
	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed	
	to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no	
	maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by	
Packet Length	the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a	
@Transparent	packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be	1360
	sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	
	Note : Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter	
	settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	
	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer and	
	send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific character,	
Enable Delimiter1/2	entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character may be enabled	Disable
	and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters act as the delimiter	
	to control when data should be sent.	
Delimiter1/2 (Hex)		
@Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0
Ciranoparene		

Delimiter Process @Transparent	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a delimiter is received. None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received; the data also includes the delimiter characters. Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being transmitted. This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000 Quad, it means	Strip
Local IP @ Modbus gateway	serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. Note: when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	0
Local Port @ Modbus gateway	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0
Attached serial device type @Modbus gateway	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to Modbus slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to Modbus slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Note: When select "Modbus RTU slave" and "Modbus ASC II slave" protocol, router is as TCP Server site, user need to enter a local port number in "Local Port @Modbus" and wait to be connected. Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Note: When select "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master" protocol, router is as TCP Client site, user need to enter slave address and slave port number in "Slave Address @ Modbus Slave" and "Slave Port @ Modbus Slave", and connect to Server site.	Modbu s RTU slave
Modbus Slave @Modbus gateway	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus ASC II master" in "Attached serial device type".	Null
Slave Address @ Modbus Slave	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	Null
Slave Port @ Modbus Slave	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID @ Modbus Slave	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Interval Timeout @ Transparent Over Rlink	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field.	10
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under	Null

	Modbus ASC II protocol.	
Display all com @ AT Over COM	Enable to display all virtual com of the module inside the router. Generally,	
	router will occupy /dev/ttyUSB0 and /dev/ttyUSB2 for dialing up to GPRS.	Disable
	Note: Enable this function will disable Cellular WAN function.	
COM Name	Chave the virtual care name of the module incide	/dev/tt
	Show the virtual com name of the module inside.	yUSB1



When Select Protocol "Transparent":



When Select Protocol "Modbus Master":

When you select protocol "Modbus Master", you can configure the "Modbus Master" in section 3.32.

Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	Modbus Master ▼

When Select Protocol "Modbus gateway":

Proto	col Settings	
Pr	rotocol:	Modbus Gateway ▼
Lo	ocal IP:	
Lo	ocal Port:	503
At	tached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave ▼

• When Select Protocol "Transparent Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings		
Protocol:	Transparent Over Rlink 💌	
Interval Timeout (1*10ms):	10	

When Select Protocol "Modbus Over Rlink":

Protocol Settings	
Protocol:	Modbus Over Rlink
Attached serial device type:	Modbus RTU slave

RS485 @ Serial		
Item	Description	Default
Baud-rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200"and "230400".	
Data bit	Select from "7" and "8".	8
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" and "Even".	None
Stop bit	Select from "1" and "2".	1
Protocol	Select from "None", "Transparent", "Modbus Master" and "Modbus gateway", "Transparent Over Rlink" and "Modbus Over Rlink". Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently without any protocols. Modbus gateway: Router will transmit the serial data with Modbus protocol. Modbus Master: R3000 Quad router could be configured as a modbus master, and will automatically poll the slave sides. Transparent Over Rlink: Router will send all data from RS232 serial port to Robustlink, and then Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site. Modbus Over Rlink: Router will translate all data from RS232 serial port to Modbus TCP protocol data, and then send to Robustlink, after that Robustlink will forward the data to another destination site.	Transparent
Mode @Transparent	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	TCP Client
Local Port	Enter the Local port for TCP or UDP.	0

@Transparent				
Multiple Server @Transparent	Click "Add" button to add multiple server. You need to enter the server's IP and port, and enable or disable "Send data to serial". If you disable "Send data to serial", router will not transmit the data from this server to serial port. Note: This section will not be displayed if you select "TCP server" in "Mode".	Null		
Enable Protocol @Transparent	Tick to enable protocol advanced setting.			
Local IP @ Transparent	This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000 Quad, it means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. Note: when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.			
Interval Timeout @Transparent	The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	10		
Packet Length @Transparent	The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. 0 for packet length, no maximum amount is specified and data in the buffer will be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings or when the buffer is full. When a packet length between 1 and 1024 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the interval timeout or delimiter settings even when data is not reaching the preset packet length.	1360		
Enable Delimiter1	When Delimiter 1 is enabled, the serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when a specific character, entered in hex format, is received. A second delimiter character may be enabled and specified in the Delimiter 2 field, so that both characters act as the delimiter to control when data should be sent.	Disable		
Delimiter1 (Hex) @ Transparent	Enter the delimiter in Hex.	0		
Delimiter Process @ Transparent	The Delimiter process field determines how the data is handled when a delimiter is received. None: Data in the buffer will be transmitted when the delimiter is received; the data also includes the delimiter characters. Strip: Data in the buffer is first stripped of the delimiter before being transmitted.	Strip		
Local IP @ Modbus gateway	This item will show up When you enable any VPN tunnel of R3000 Quad, it means serial data can be matched to this local IP address and be transmitted or received via VPN tunnel. Note: when you do not enable any VPN tunnel, this item will not show up.	0		
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the Local port for Modbus.	0		

gateway		
Attached serial device type @ Modbus gateway	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave", "Modbus RTU master" and "Modbus ASC II master". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol. Modbus RTU master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II master: router connects to master device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol.	Modbus RTU slave
Modbus Slave @ Modbus gateway	Add the Modbus slaves which will be polled by Modbus master (router). This section only displayed when you select "Modbus RTU master" or "Modbus ASCII master" in "Attached serial device type".	Null
Slave Address @ Modbus Slave	This connection is usually used to connect to the Modbus slave devices which as TCP server. Enter IP address of the TCP server.	
Slave Port @ Modbus Slave	Enter the port number of TCP server.	Null
ID @ Modbus Slave	Enter the ID number of TCP server.	Null
Interval Timeout @ Transparent Over Rlink	Serial port will queue the data in buffer and then send it to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in this field.	10
Attached serial device type @ Modbus Over Rlink	Select From "Modbus RTU slave", "Modbus ASC II slave". Modbus RTU slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus RTU protocol. Modbus ASC II slave: router connects to slave device which works under Modbus ASC II protocol.	

3.16 Configuration -> USB

This section allows users to set the USB parameters.

Note: Users can insert a USB storage device, such as U disk and hard disk, into the router's USB interface. If there is configuration file or firmware of R3000 inside the USB storage devices, R3000 will automatically update the configuration file or firmware. We will provide another file to show how to do USB automatic update.

USB

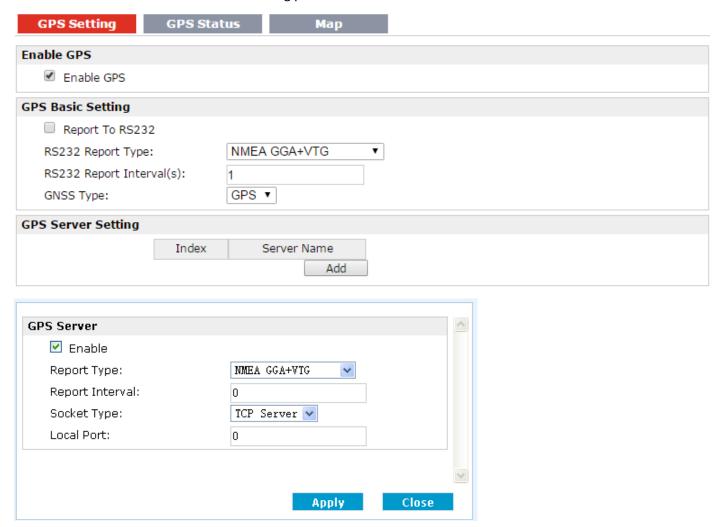
USB Configuration

- Enable automatic update of configuration
- Enable automatic update of firmware

USB		
Item	Description	Default
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the configuration file of R3000 when	Disable
of configuration	insert the USB storage devices which has R3000's configuration file.	Disable
Enable automatic update	Click Enable to automatically update the firmware of R3000 when insert the	Disable
of firmware	USB storage devices which has R3000's firmware.	Disable

3.17 Configuration -> GPS

This section allows users to set the GPS setting parameters.



GPS Setting @ GPS		
Item	Description	Default
Enable GPS	Click to enable GPS function.	Disable
Report To RS232	Click to enable GPS report to RS232 serial port of router.	Disable
RS232 Report Type	Select from "NMEA GGA+VTG", "NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC" and "NMEA	NMEA
	RMC".	GGA+VTG

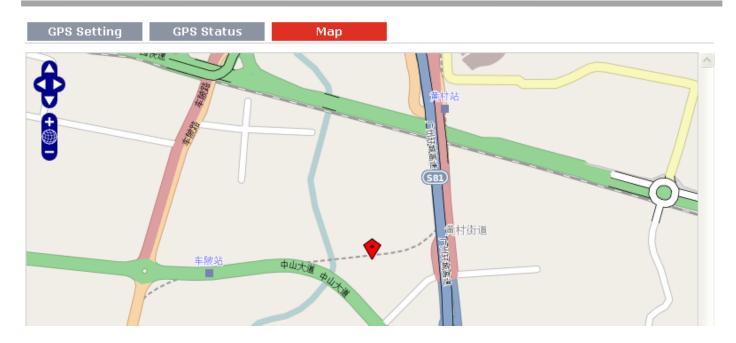
	NIMEA COANTO CINTAL DAVIDA CARRA STAR A COANTO	
	NMEA GGA+VTG: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track Made	
	Good and Ground Speed (VTG).	
	NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track	
	Made Good and Ground Speed (VTG) + Recommended Minimum Specific	
	GPS/TRANSIT Data(RMC).	
	NMEA RMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data(RMC).	
RS232 Report Interval	Set the interval to report GPS status to RS232 serial port of router.	1
CNCC Tuno	Global Navigation Satellite System Type:	CDC
GNSS Type	GPS: Global Position System.	GPS
Index @ GPS Server Setting	Show the index of GPS Server.	Null
Server Name @ GPS		
Server Setting	Show the type of GPS Server.	Null
Add	Click "Add" to add GPS Server.	Null
	Select from "NMEA GGA+VTG", "NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC" and "NMEA	
	RMC".	
	NMEA GGA+VTG: Global Positioning System Fix Data(GGA)+ Track Made	
	Good and Ground Speed(VTG).	NMEA
Report Type	NMEA GGA+VTG+RMC: Global Positioning System Fix Data (GGA) + Track	GGA+VTG
	Made Good and Ground Speed (VTG) + Recommended Minimum Specific	33/11
	GPS/TRANSIT Data (RMC).	
	NMEA RMC: Recommended Minimum Specific GPS/TRANSIT Data(RMC).	
Report Interval	Set the interval to report GPS status to GPS Server.	0
Neport interval	Select from "TCP Server", "TCP Client" and "UDP".	0
	TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP	
	server (GPS Server), the server address supports both IP and domain name.	
Socket Type	TCP Server: Router works as TCP server (GPS Server), listening for	TCP Server
	connection request from TCP client.	
	UDP: Router works as UDP client.	
Local Port @ TCP Server	Set the local port number of TCP server.	0
Server Address @ TCP	Set the local port number of her server.	J
Client Client	Set the Server address of TCP server.	Null
	Set the remote Port number of TCP server.	
Server Port @ TCP Client	Note : router supports up to 3 GPS servers, supports re-connect when the	0
	TCP connection is down.	

This section allows users to check the GPS status.

GPS Setting	GPS Status	Мар
SPS Status		
GPS Status:	No Fix/Invalid	
Last Fixed Time:		
Last Failed Time:		
Satellites In Use:	0	
Satellites In View:	1	
UTC:	2000-00-00 00:	:00:00
Latitude:	0.000000	
Longitude:	0.000000	
Altitude:	0.000000	
Speed:	0.000000KMH	

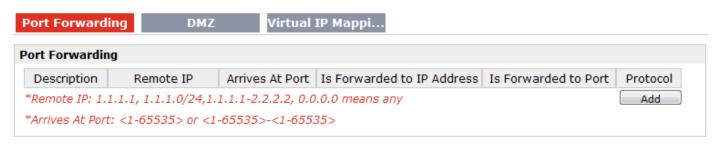
GPS Status @ GPS		
Item	Description	Default
GPS Status	Show the GPS Status. GPS status includes: Not Installed, Disabled, No Fix/Invalid, Standalone GPS Fix, Differential GPS Fix. Not Installed: No GPS module inside. Disabled: GPS function is not enabled (not click "Enable GPS" in item "GPS Setting" yet). No Fix/Invalid: GPS function is enabled, but do not get GPS signal (User should put router outdoor to get stronger GPS signal). Standalone GPS Fix: Standalone GPS techniques is a mature, universal GPS positioning mode, only get position from satellite. Differential GPS Fix: Differential GPS techniques are used to enhance the quality of location data. It can be applied in real-time directly in the field or when post processing data in the office.	Not Installed
Last Fixed Time	Show the time that router located successfully at last time.	Null
Last Failed Time	Show the time that router located unsuccessfully at last time.	Null
Satellites In Use	Show how many satellites are in use.	0
Satellites In View	Show how many satellites are in view.	0
UTC	Show the UTC of satellites, which is world unified time, not local time.	Null
Latitude	Show the latitude status of router.	0.0
Longitude	Show the Longitude status of router.	0.0
Altitude	Show the Altitude status of router.	0.0
Speed	Show the movement speed of router.	0.0KMH

This section allows users to check the real time GPS status of router in the map.



3.18 Configuration -> NAT/DMZ

This section allows users to set the NAT/DMZ parameters.



Port Forwarding @ NAT/DMZ		
Item	Description	Defaul
	2633.194.011	
Port Forwarding	Manually defining a rule in the router to send all data received on some range	Null
Port Forwarding	of ports on the internet side to a port and IP address on the LAN side.	Null
Remote IP	Set the remote IP address.	Null
Arrives At Port	The port of the internet side which you want to forward to LAN side.	Null
Is Forwarded to IP	The device's IP on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	Null
Address	The device's if on the LAN side which you want to lorward the data to.	Null
Is Forwarded to Port	The device's port on the LAN side which you want to forward the data to.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP&UDP" which depends on the application.	TCP

Port Forwarding	DMZ Virtual IP Mappi
Enable DMZ	
Enable DMZ	
DMZ Settings	
DMZ Host:	
Source Address:	
	*1.1.1.1","1.1.1.0/24","1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2","0.0.0.0" means any

DMZ @ NAT/DMZ		
Item	Description	Default
DMZ	DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise forwarded.	Null
Enable DMZ	Select to enable the DMZ function.	Enable
DMZ Host	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host which on the internal network.	0.0.0.0
Source Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	0.0.0.0



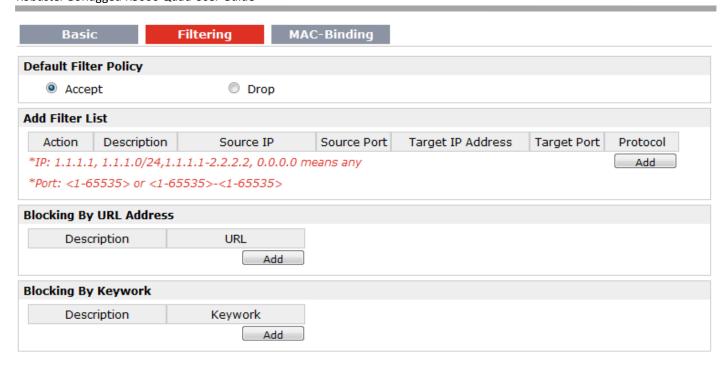
Virtual IP Mapping@ NAT/DMZ		
Item	Description	Default
Virtual IP for Router	Set a Virtual IP for router.	Null
Virtual IP @ Internal	Set a Virtual IP for the Internal PC.	Null
PC's IP Mapping List	Set a virtual iP for the internal PC.	Null
Real IP @ Internal PC's	The Internal PC's Real IP, which is mapping the PC's Virtual IP one-to-one.	Null
IP Mapping List	The internal PC's Real IP, which is mapping the PC's virtual IP one-to-one.	INUII

3.19 Configuration -> Firewall

This section allows users to set the firewall parameters.

Basic	Filtering	MAC-Binding
Filter Basic Settings		
Remote Acces	s Using HTTP	
Remote Acces	s Using TELNET	
Remote Acces	s Using SNMP	
Remote Acces	s Using SSH2	
Remote Ping I	Request	
Enable DNS Masquerade		
Enable Console CLI		
Defend DoS A	ttack	

Basic @ Firewall		
Item	Description	Default
Remote Access Using HTTP	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via HTTP.	Enable
Remote Access Using TELNET	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via Telnet.	Enable
Remote Access Using SNMP	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via SNMP.	Enable
Remote Access Using SSH2	Enable to allow users to access the router remotely on the internet side via SSH2.	Enable
Remote Ping Request	Enable to make router reply the Ping requests from the internet side.	Enable
Enable DNS Masquerade	Open the 53 port of the router, enable users to use the DNS function of the router.	Enable
Enable Console CLI	Enable to configurate router through Command Line Interface.	Enable
Defend Dos Attack	Enable to defend dos attack. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	Enable



Filtering @ Firewall		
Item	Description	Default
Default Filter Policy	Select from "Accept" and "Drop". Accept: Router will accept all the data traffic except the hosts which were added in the drop list. Drop: Router will drop all the data traffic except the hosts which were added in the accept list.	Accept
Add Filter List	Click "Add" to add a filter list.	Null
Action@ Add Filter List	Select from "Accept" and "Drop". Accept: Router will reject all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this filter rule. Drop: Router will only accept the connecting requests from the hosts which fit this filter rule.	Accept
Source IP@ Add Filter List	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of IP addresses which are defined by Source IP Address, or every IP addresses.	Null
Source Port@ Add Filter List	Defines if access is allowed from one or a range of port which is defined by Source Port.	Null
Target IP Address@ Add Filter List	Defines if access is allowed to one or a range of IP addresses which are defined by Target IP Address, or every IP addresses.	Null
Target Port@ Add Filter List	Defines if access is allowed tone or a range of port which is defined by Target Port.	Null
Protocol@ Add Filter List	Select from "TCP", "UDP", "TCP&UDP", "ICMP" or "ALL". If you don't know what kinds of protocol of your application, we recommend you select "ALL".	ТСР
Blocking By URL	Click "Add" to add a URL list.	Null

Address		
URL@ Blocking By URL	Disclethe access according to the LIDI that filled in the blank	Null
Address	Block the access according to the URL that filled in the blank.	Null
Blocking By Keywork	Click "Add" to add a Keywork list.	Null
Keywork@ Blocking	Disclethe access according to the Konwork that filled in the blank	Null
By Keywork	Block the access according to the Keywork that filled in the blank.	INUII

Note: You can use "-"to define a range of IP addresses or ports, e.g. 1.1.1.1-2.2.2.2, 10000-12000. The priority of **Filter List** is higher than **Default Filter Policy**. Firewall policy would not take effect on the packet receive to R3000 itself, but only take effect on packet "pass through" the R3000.



Mac-Binding @ Firewall		
Item	Description	Default
Mac-IP Bounding	The defined host (MAC) on the LAN side only can use the defined IP address to	Null
	communicate with router, or will be rejected.	
Mac Address	Enter the defined host's Mac Address.	Null
IP Address	Enter the defined host's IP Address.	Null

3.20 Configuration -> QoS

This section allows users to set the QoS parameters.

QoS					
Enable Quality Of Service(QoS)					
✓ Enable QoS					
Quality of Service(Qos) Basic Setting					
Downlink Speed (kbps):	0				
Uplink Speed (kbps):	0				
Optimize for TCP Flags:	SYN	☐ ACK	☐ FIN	RST	
Optimize for ICMP:					
Optimize for Serial Data Forwarding:					
Priority Percent Definition:					
Exempt:	50				
Premium:	25				
Express:	15				
Normal:	10				
Bulk:	1				
Default Priority:	Normal ▼				
QoS Service Control List					
Service Name Protocol	Port	Priority			
		Add			
QoS MAC Control List					
MAC Address Priority					
*MAC: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff Add					
QoS IP Control List					
IP Address Priority					
Add					

QoS			
Item	Description		
Enable QoS	Click to enable "QoS" function.	Disable	
Downlink Speed	wnlink Speed Prescribe downlink speed of router.		
(kbps)	Note : Default setting"0" means that there is no limitation of downlink speed.	0	
unlink Chand (khan)	Prescribe uplink speed of router.		
uplink Speed (kbps)	Note : Default setting"0" means that there is no limitation of uplink speed.	0	
	User can choose to enable TCP flags: "SYN", "ACK", "FIN", "RST", which means		
Optimize for TCP Flags	data with above TCP Flags will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. After	Disable	
	enabled, router will enhance respond timeout of TCP control, in case that data		
	resend frequently.		

Optimize for ICMP	Enable to optimize for ICMP, which means ICMP will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. After enabled respond interval of PING control will be shorter. Note: if user click to enable "Optimize for TCP Flags", "Optimize for Serial Data Forwarding", and "Optimize for ICMP" at the same time (these three services are in the same priority level), router will automatically start Stochastic Fairness Queueing (SFQ) strategy to make a fair bandwidth allocation, in case of one service occupy all the bandwidth.	Disable
Optimize for Serial Data Forwarding	Enable to optimize for serial data forwarding, which means serial data forwarding will get the highest priority to occupy bandwidth. When enable serial data forwarding it need to enable local port number for controlling. Therefore, it needs to set local port number of router even if router is as TCP Client.	Disable
Priority Percent Definition	Define priority percent of "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". "Exempt" is defaulted as 50; "Premium" is defaulted as 25; "Express" is defaulted as 15; "Normal" is defaulted as 10; "Bulk" is 1.	
Default Priority	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Users (Services) with no other pre-priority set will use this default priority. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 1% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Normal
MAC Address @ QoS MAC Control List	Enter MAC address of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS MAC Control. Priority of QoS MAC Control is higher than that of QoS IP control.	Null
Priority @ QoS MAC Control List	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Select the priority of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink	Exempt

	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
	Enter IP address of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS		
ID Addross @ Oos ID	Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS IP Control. If want to		
_	control one network segment, user can set "IP Address" as format "x.x.x.x/24" or	Null	
Control List	"x.x.x.x/255.255.255.0". For example, if we to control network segment "172.16.		
	x.x", we can set "172.16.0.0/16" or "172.16.0.0/255.255.0.0" in "IP Address".		
	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk".		
	Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS IP Control. If want to control one network segment, user can set "IP Address" as format "x.x.x.x/24" or "x.x.x.x/252.555.255.255.255.05". For example, if we to control network segment "172.16. x.x", we can set "172.16.0.0/16" or "172.16.0.0/255.255.255.05" in "IP Address". Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk". Select the priority of the user (for example, PC) who you want to set it with QoS Control. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Normal: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 10% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed". Set server name of the service that you want to set it with QoS Control. Router supports up to 20 users set with QoS Service Control List of the Service of the Service Control List of the Service Control List of the Service that you want to set it with QoS Control. Select from "TCP", "UDP" and "TCP&UDP". Enter the port number of the service that you want to set it with QoS Control. Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed". And the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed". Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink Speed". Bulk: guarantees that the minimum global rate		
Priority @ OoS IP	·		
•		Exempt	
Control List			
Service Name @ QoS	·		
Service Control List		Null	
	Control is higher than that of both QoS IP control and QoS MAC control.		
Protocol @ QoS	 Select from "TCP", "UDP" and "TCP&UDP".	ТСР	
Service Control List	,	_	
Port @ Service	Enter the port number of the service that you want to set it with OoS Control	Null	
Control List	Enter the port number of the service that you want to set it with gos control.	14dii	
	Select from "Exempt", "Premium", "Express", "Normal" and "Bulk".		
	Select the priority of the service that you want to set it with QoS Control.		
	Exempt: this is the highest priority which guarantees that the minimum global		
	rate of router is 50% of "Downlink Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to		
	100% of "Downlink Speed".		
Priority @ QoS Service Control List	Premium: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 25% of "Downlink		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".	Exempt	
	Express: guarantees that the minimum global rate of router is 15% of "Downlink"		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
	Speed", and the maximum rate can reach to 100% of "Downlink Speed".		
Note: If services are in to	Note : If services are in the same priority level, router will automatically start Stochastic Fairness Queueing (SFQ)		

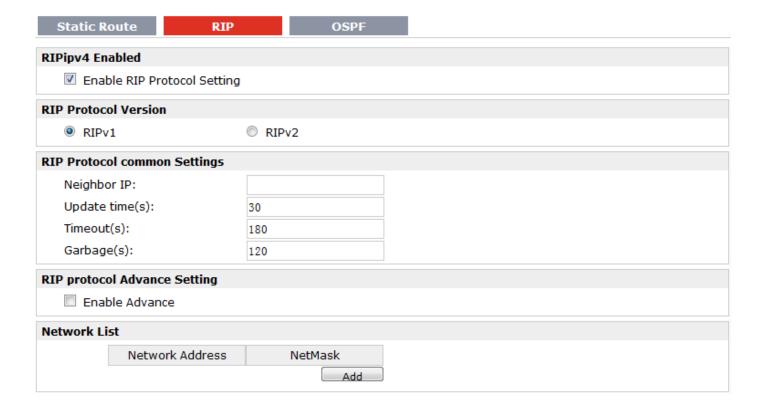
strategy to make a fair bandwidth allocation.

3.21 Configuration -> IP Routing

This section allows users to set the IP routing parameters.



Static Route @ IP Routing		
Item	Description	Default
Static Route Table	Allow users to add, delete or modify static route rules manually.	Null
Interface	Select from "WAN", "LAN_0" or "LAN_1".	WAN
Destination	Enter the destination host's IP address or destination network.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of the destination or destination network.	Null
Gateway	Enter the gateway's IP address of this static route rule. Router will forward all the	Ni. II
	data which fit for the destination and Netmask to this gateway.	Null



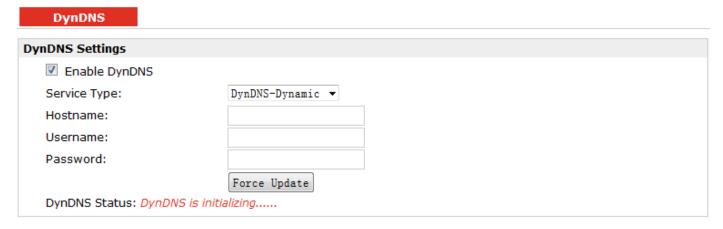
RIP @ IP Routing		
Item	Description	Default
RIP	RIP (Routing Information Protocol) is a distance-vector routing protocol, which	
	employs the hop count as a routing metric. RIP prevents routing loops by	Null
KIP	implementing a limit on the number of hops allowed in a path from the source to	Null
	a destination.	
Enable RIP Protocol Setting	Tick to enable RIP function.	Disable
RIP Protocol Version	Select from "RIPv1" and "RIPv2".	RIPv1
AL : 11 10	If you input this neighbor IP, router will only send RIP request massage to this IP	0.000
Neighbor IP	instead of broadcast. This item only needs to be set in some unicast network.	0.0.0.0
Update times	Defines the interval between routing updates.	30
	Defines the route aging time. If no update for a route is received after the aging	100
Timeout	time elapses, the metric of the route is set to 16 in the routing table.	180
	Defines the interval from when the metric of a route becomes 16 to when it is	
	deleted from the routing table. During the Garbage-Collect timer length, RIP	100
Garbage	advertises the route with the routing metric set to 16. If no update is announced	120
	for that route after the Garbage-Collect timer expires, the route will be deleted	
Enable Advance	from the routing table. Tick to enable RIP protocol Advance Setting.	Disable
Default Metric	This value is used for redistributed routes.	1
Delault Wetric	The first criterion that a router uses to determine which routing protocol to use if	1
Distance	two protocols provide route information for the same destination.	120
	Select from "None", "Eth0", "Eth1" and "Default".	
	This command sets the specified interface to passive mode. On passive mode	
Passive	interface, all receiving packets are processed as normal and Rip info does not	None
	send either multicast or unicast RIP packets except to RIP neighbors specified	
	with neighbor command.	
	The default is to be passive on all interfaces.	
Enable Default	Enable to make router send the default route to the other routers which in the	Disable
Origination	same IGP AS.	
Enable Redistribute	Redistribute connected routes into the RIP tables.	Disable
Connect		2.00.0.0
Enable Redistribute	Redistributes routing information from static route entries into the RIP tables.	Disable
Static	Realistributes routing information from static route entries into the Kir tubies.	Disable
Enable Redistribute	Redistributes routing information from OSPF route entries into the RIP tables.	
OSPF	redistributes routing information from OSPF route entries into the KiP tables.	Disable
Network List	Router will only report the RIP information in this list to its neighbor.	Null
Network Address	Enter the Network address which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Network's Netmask which Eth0 or Eth 1 connects directly.	Null



OSPF @ IP Routing		
Item	Description	Default
	OSPF (Open Shortest Path First) is a link-state routing protocol for IP networks. It	
OSPF	uses a link state routing algorithm and falls into the group of interior routing	Null
	protocols, operating within a single autonomous system (AS).	
Enable OSPFv2	Tick to enable OSPF function.	Disable

3.22 Configuration -> DynDNS

This section allows users to set the DynDNS parameters.



DynDNS		
Item	Description	Default
DynDNS	The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allowing users whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP.	Null
Enable DynDNS	Tick to enable DynDNS function.	Disable
Service Type	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS–Dynamic", "QDNS (3322)" and "NOIP" which you have established an account with. "Custom" could be used for linking custom DDNS server.	DynDNS–Dynamic
hoastmen	Enter the Host name the DDNS server provided.	Null

Username	Enter the user name the DDNS server provided.	Null
Password	Enter the password the DDNS server provided.	Null
URL	Enter the connection address of custom DDNS server.	Null
Force Update	Click to the update and use the DynDNS settings.	Null
DynDNS Status	Show current status of DynDNS	Null

3.23 Configuration -> DMVPN

This section allows users to set the DMVPN parameters.

DMVPN DMVPN Setting Enable DMVPN **Hub Address:** GRE Local IP address: GRE HUB IP address: GRE Netmask: GRE Secrets: Negotiation Mode: Main **DEFAULT** Local IP Type: • Encryption Algorithm: 3DES Authen Algorithm: MD5 ▼ MODP1024_2 ▼ DH Group: PSK Secrets: SA Algorithm: 3DES_MD5_96 PFS_NULL PFS Group: Nhrp Cisco secrets: Nhrp Holdtime: 60

DMVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Hub Address	DMVPN Hub's IP address or domain	Null
GRE Local IP address	GRE Local tunnel IP address	Null
GRE HUB IP address	GRE Hub tunnel IP address	Null
GRE Netmask	GRE tunnel Netmask	Null
GRE Secrets	GRE tunnel secret key	Null
Negotiation Mode	Select from "Main" and "aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPSec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as long as the username and password are correct.	Main
Local IP Type	Select from "ID", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation. "Default" stands	default

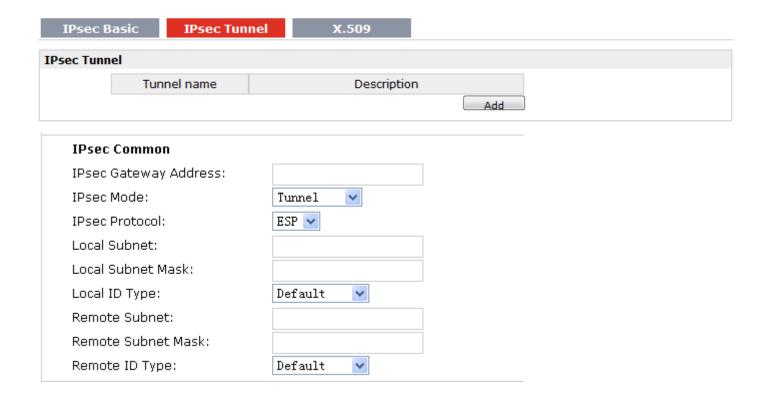
	for "Router's extern IP".	
	ID: Uses custom string as the ID in IKE negotiation.	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected,	
	type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g.,	
	test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name string with an sign "@" for the local security gateway, e.g.,	
	test@robustel.com.	
	Select from "DES", "3DES" and "AES128" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
Encryption Algorithm	DES: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 56-bit key.	3DES
Life yption Aigorithin	3DES: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 168-bit key.	JULJ
	AES128: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
Authen Algorithm	MD5: Uses HMAC-SHA1.	MD5
	SHA1: Uses HMAC-MD5.	
	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5" to be used in	
	key negotiation phase 1.	140001
DH Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	MODP1
·	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	024_2
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
PSK Secrets	Enter Pre-shared Key	Null
	Select from "DES_MD5_96", "DES_SHA1_96", "3DES_MD5_96", "3DES_	
	SHA1_96", "AES128_MD5_96", "AES128_ SHA1_96" when you select "ESP" in	
	"Protocol";	
	Select from "AH_MD5_96" and "AH_ SHA1_96" when you select "AH" in	3DES_
SA Algorithm	"Protocol";	MD5_9
	Note : Higher security means more complex implementation and lower speed. DES	6
	is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high confidentiality and	
	security are required.	
	Select from "PFS_NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5".	
	PFS_NULL: Disable PFS Group	
PFS Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	PES_NU
•	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	LL
	MODP1536 5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
Nhrp Cisco secret	Cisco Nhrp secret key	Null
Nhrp holdtime	The hold time of Nhrp protocol	60
		1

3.24 Configuration -> IPSec

This section allows users to set the IPSec parameters.



IPSec Basic @ IPSec		
Item	Description	Default
Enable NAT Traversal	Tick to enable NAT Traversal for IPSec. This item must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Enable
Keepalive Interval	The interval that router sends keepalive packets to NAT box so that to avoid it to remove the NAT mapping.	30



IKE Parameter	
Negotiation Mode:	Main 💌
Encryption Algorithm:	AES256 💌
Authentication Algorithm:	MID5 💌
DH Group:	MODP1024_2 💌
Authentication:	PSK 💌
Secrets:	
Life Time(s):	3600
SA Parameter	
SA Algorithm:	3DES_SHA1_96 ✓
PFS Group:	PFS_NULL 💌
Life Time(s):	28800
DPD Time Interval (s):	60
DPD Timeout (s):	180
Psec Advanced	
Enable Compress	
Enable ICMP Detection	
ICMP Detection Server:	
ICMP Detection Local IP:	
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	5
ICMP Detection Retries:	3

IPSec Tunnel @ IPSec		
Item	Description	Default
Add	Click Add to add new IPSec Tunnel	Null
Enable	Enable IPSec Tunnel, the max tunnel account is 3	Null
IPSec Gateway Address	Enter the address of remote side IPSec VPN server.	Null
IPSec Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport". Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it. Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host—for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination.	Tunnel
IPSec Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH".	ESP

	ESP: Uses the ESP protocol.	
	AH: Uses the AH protocol.	
Local Subnet	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0
Local Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Local Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	0.0.0.0
	"Default" stands for "IP Address".	
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
Local ID Type	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	Default
	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with an sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
Remote Subnet	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's address.	0.0.0.0
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter IPSec Remote Protected subnet's mask.	0.0.0.0
	Select from "IP Address", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation.	
	IP Address: Uses an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation.	
	FQDN: Uses an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is	
	selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security	
Remote ID Type	gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com.	Default
	User FQDN: Uses a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this	
	option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local	
	security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com.	
	Select from "Main" and "aggressive" for the IKE negotiation mode in	
	phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPSec tunnel is obtained	
Negotiation Mode	dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case,	Main
J	SAs can be established as long as the username and password are	
	correct.	
	Select from "DES", "3DES", "AES128", "AES192" and "AES256" to be	
	used in IKE negotiation.	
	DES: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 56-bit key.	
Encryption Algorithm	3DES: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 168-bit key.	3DES
	AES128: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5" and "SHA1" to be used in IKE negotiation.	
	MD5: Uses HMAC-SHA1.	MD5
	SHA1: Uses HMAC-MD5.	
	Select from "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5" to be	
	used in key negotiation phase 1.	
DH Group	MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	MODP1024_2
	MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	
	MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	

Authentication	Select from "PSK", "CA", "XAUTH Init PSK" and "XAUTH Init CA" to be used in IKE negotiation. PSK: Pre-shared Key. CA: Certification Authority. XAUTH: Extended Authentication to AAA server.	PSK
Secrets	Enter the Pre-shared Key.	Null
Life Time @ IKE Parameter	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	86400
SA Algorithm	Select from "DES_MD5_96", "DES_SHA1_96", "3DES_MD5_96", "3DES_SHA1_96", "AES128_MD5_96", "AES128_SHA1_96", "AES192_MD5_96", "AES192_SHA1_96", "AES256_MD5_96" and "AES256_SHA1_96" when you select "ESP" in "Protocol"; Select from "AH_MD5_96" and "AH_SHA1_96" when you select "AH" in "Protocol"; Note: Higher security means more complex implementation and lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high confidentiality and security are required.	3DES_MD5_96
PFS Group	Select from "PFS_NULL", "MODP768_1", "MODP1024_2" and "MODP1536_5". PFS_NULL: Disable PFS Group MODP768_1: Uses the 768-bit Diffie-Hellman group. MODP1024_2: Uses the 1024-bit Diffie-Hellman group. MODP1536_5: Uses the 1536-bit Diffie-Hellman group.	PFS_NULL
Life Time @ SA Parameter	Set the IPSec SA lifetime. Note: When negotiating to set up IPSec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	28800
DPD Time Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPSec protected packets is received from the peer. DPD: Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPSec packet, DPD checks the time the last IPSec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives no DPD acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the IKE SA and the IPSec SAs based on the IKE SA.	180
DPD Timeout	Set the timeout of DPD packets.	60
Enable Compress	Tick to enable compressing the inner headers of IP packets.	Disable
Enable ICMP Detection	Click to enable ICMP detection.	Disable

ICMP Detection Server	Enter the IP address or domain name or remote server. Router will ping this address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	Null
ICMP Detection Local	Set the local IP address.	Null
ICMP Detection Interval	Set the ping interval time.	30
ICMP Detection Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	5
ICMP Detection Retries	If Router ping the preset address/domain name time out continuously for Max Retries time, it will try to re-establish the VPN tunnel.	3

IPs	ec Basic	IPs	sec Tunnel	X.	509		
Authei	ıthentication Manage						
Sel	Select Cert Type: None ▼						
Authei	ntication 9	Status					
C	ert Type	CA.crt	Remote.crt	Local.crt	Private.key	Crl.pem	
Т	unnel_1						
Т	unnel_2						
Т	unnel_3						

	X.509 @ IPSec	
Item	Description	Default
Select Cert Type	Select the IPSec tunnel which the certification used for.	Null
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router.	
CA	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC. File format: ca.crt	Null
Remote Public Key	Click "Browse" to select the correct Remote Public Key file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router. Click "Export" you can export the Remote Public Key file from router to your PC.	Null
Local Public Key	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Public Key file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router. Click "Export" you can export the Local Public Key file from router to your PC. File format: xxx.crt	Null
Local Private Key	Click "Browse" to select the correct Local Private Key file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router. Click "Export" you can export the Local Private Key file from router to your PC. File format: xxx.key	Null
CRL	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import" to import it to the router. Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	Null
Authentication Status	Show current status parameters of IPSec.	Null

3.25 Configuration -> RobustVPN

This section allows users to configure the settings of RobustVPN, which is based on a hosted web service designed to connect customer to their machines through Internet. The hosted acts as data transit platform and offer communication originated by the customers to their machines. It is intended to be used in the industrial M2M communication sector.

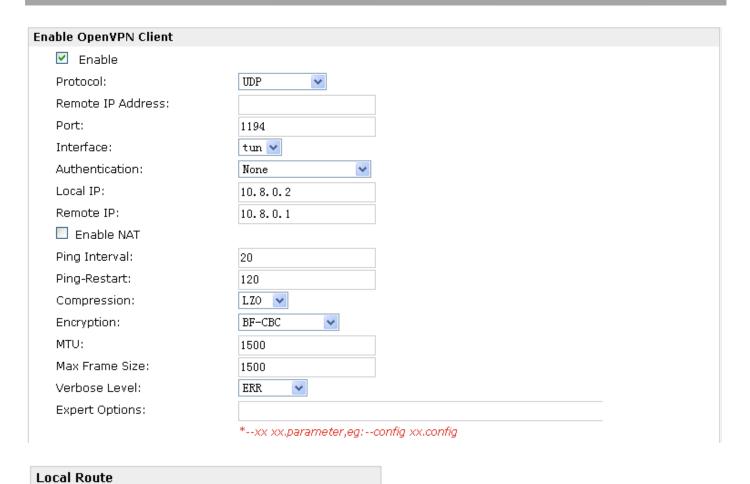
RobustVPN Connection Settings Enable RobustVPN Server Address: HTTPS Port: Username: password: RobustVPN Status Status: Local IP: Remote IP: Connect Time:

RobustVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Enable RobustVPN	Click to enable RobustVPN.	Disable
Server Address	Enter the IP address or Domain Name of RobustVPN server.	Null
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS Port of RobustVPN server.	443
Username	Enter the Username of RobustVPN server.	admin
Password	Enter the Password of RobustVPN server.	admin
Dalacet /DN Ctator	Show status of RobustVPN, including connection status, Local IP, Remote IP and	
RobustVPN Status	Connect Time.	

3.26 Configuration -> OpenVPN

This section allows users to set the Open VPN parameters.





Client @ Open VPN			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable	Enable OpenVPN Client, the max tunnel account is 3	Null	
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the application.	UDP	
Remote IP Address	Enter the remote IP address or domain name of remote side OpenVPN server.	Null	
Port	Enter the listening port of remote side OpenVPN server.	1194	
Interface	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet device.	tun	
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None	
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2	
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1	
Enable NAT	Tick to enable SNAT for OpenVPN. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN server.	Disable	

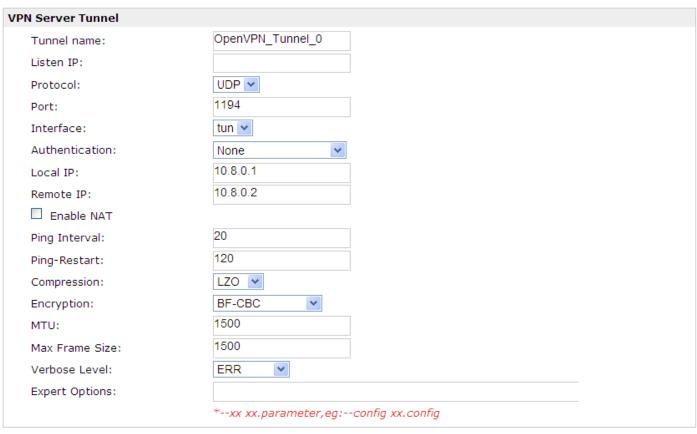
Subnet Mask

Add

Subnet

Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout during this time.	120
Compression	Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO
	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES-128-CBC",	
	"AES-192-CBC" and "AES-256-CBC". BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
Engraption	DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key.	NONE
Encryption	DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	NONE
	AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key.	
	AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key.	
	AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	
IVITO	which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500
Verbose Level	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR", "WARNING", "NOTICE"	ERR
verbose Level	and "DEBUG". The higher level will output more log information.	EKK
Funant Ontions	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be	Null
Expert Options	separated by a space.	INUII
Subnet&Subnet	Set the subnet and subnet Mask of local route.	Null
Mask@Local Route	Set the subhet and subhet Mask of local foute.	INUII

Client	Server	X.509				
Enable OpenVPN Server						
Enable OpenVPN Server						



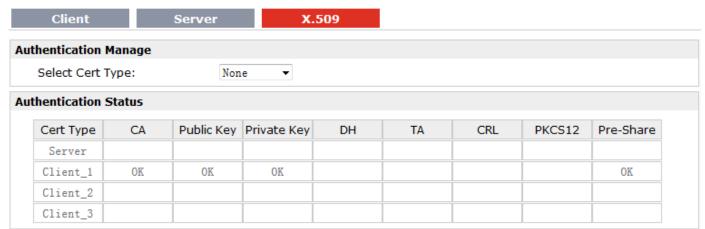
Jse	Common Name	Password	Client IP	Local Static Route	Remote Static Route
	i i	İ			

	Server @ Open VPN			
Item	Description	Default		
Enable OpenVPN Server	Tick to enable OpenVPN server tunnel.	Disable		
Tunnel name	Name the OpenVPN server tunnel.	Tunnel_OpenVPN_ 0		
	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or			
Listen IP	Ethernet LAN. Null or 0.0.0.0 stands for using the active WAN link	0.0.0.0		
	currently-cellular WAN or Ethernet WAN.			
Protocol	Select from "UDP" and "TCP Client" which depends on the	UDP		
FIOLOCOI	application.	ODF		
Port	Set the local listening port	1194		
	Select from "tun" and "tap" which are two different kinds of device			
Interface	interface for OpenVPN.	tun		
interface	The difference between a tun and tap device is this: a tun device is a	tun		
	virtual IP point-to-point device and a tap device is a virtual Ethernet			

	device.	
Authentication	Select from four different kinds of authentication ways: "Pre-shared", "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".	None
Local IP	Define the local IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Define the remote IP address of OpenVPN tunnel.	10.8.0.2
Enable NAT	Tick to enable SNAT for OpenVPN. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	Disable
Ping Interval	Set ping interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Ping -Restart	Restart to establish the OpenVPN tunnel if ping always timeout during this time.	120
Compression	Select from "None" and "LZO", Select "LZO" to use the LZO compression library to compress the data stream.	LZO
Encryption	Select from "NONE", "BF-CBC", "DES-CBC", "DES-EDE3-CBC", "AES128-CBC", "AES192-CBC" and "AES256-CBC". BF-CBC: Uses the BF algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. DES-CBC: Uses the DES algorithm in CBC mode and 64-bit key. DES-EDE3-CBC: Uses the 3DES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES128-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 128-bit key. AES192-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 192-bit key. AES256-CBC: Uses the AES algorithm in CBC mode and 256-bit key.	NONE
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1500
Max Frame Size	Set the Max Frame Size for transmission.	1500
Verbose Level	Select the log output level which from low to high: "ERR", "WARNING", "NOTICE" and "DEBUG". The higher level will output more log information.	ERR
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	Null
Enable HMAC Firewall @ VPN Server Advanced	In order to prevent malicious attacks, such as DOS, UDP port flooding, we generate a "HMAC is firewall"	Disable
Enable Crl @ VPN Server Advanced	Generate a certificate revoked chain file, to prevent someone lost certificate in the future, users access VPN by illegal. You could find the certificate tab of R3000, there is one option for Crl.	Disable
Enable Client to Client @ VPN Server Advanced	Uncomment this directive to allow different clients to be able to "see" each other. By default, clients will only see the server. To force clients to only see the server, you will also need to appropriately firewall the server's TUN/TAP interface.	Disable
Enable Dup Client @	While establish OpenVPN with keys, must open this option,	Disable

VPN Server Advanced	otherwise only allows one VPN connection with the same certificate.		
	Maintain a record of client <-> virtual IP address associations in this		
Enable IP Persist @	file. If OpenVPN goes down or is restarted, reconnecting clients can	Enable	
VPN Server Advanced	be assigned the same virtual IP address from the pool that was	Enable	
	previously assigned.		
Enable IP pool @ VPN	Define the range of virtual ID address	Disable	
Server Advanced	Define the range of virtual IP address.	Disable	
IP Pool Start	Define start virtual IP address	10.8.0.5	
IP Pool End	Define end virtual IP address	10.8.0.254	
	Click "Add" to add a OpenVPN client info which include "Common		
Client Manage	Name", "Password", "Client IP", "Local Static Route" and "Remote	L NI II	
Client Manage	Static Route". This field only can be configured when you select	Null	
	"Username/Password" in "Authentication".		

Note: "VPN Server Advanced" will show up when you select "Authentication" type as "Username/Password", "X.509 cert" and "X.509 cert+user".

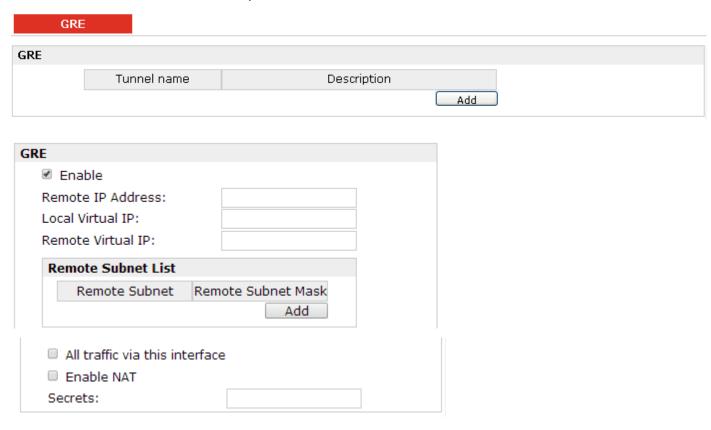


	X.509 @ Open VPN	
Item	Description	Default
Select Cert Type	Select the OpenVPN client or server which the certification used for.	Null
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CA file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CA	to import it to the router.	Ni. II
CA	Click "Export" you can export the CA file from router to your PC.	Null
	File format: ca.crt	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Public Key file from your PC, and then click	
Dublic Kov	"Import" to import it to the router.	Ni. II
Public Key	Click "Export" you can export the Public Key A file from router to your PC.	Null
	File format: xxx.crt	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Private Key file from your PC, and then click	
Drivete Key	"Import" to import it to the router.	Nivill
Private Key	Click "Export" you can export the Private Key file from router to your PC.	Null
	File format: xxx.key	
DH	Click "Browse" to select the correct DH A file from your PC, and then click	Null
DH	"Import" to import it to the router.	Null

	Click "Export" you can export the DH file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct TA file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
TA	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the TA file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct CRL file from your PC, and then click "Import"	
CRL	to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the CRL file from router to your PC.	
	Click "Browse" to select the correct Pre-Share Static Key file from your PC, and	
Pre-Share Static Key	then click "Import" to import it to the router.	Null
	Click "Export" you can export the Pre-Share Static Key file from router to your PC.	

3.27 Configuration -> GRE

This section allows users to set the GRE parameters.

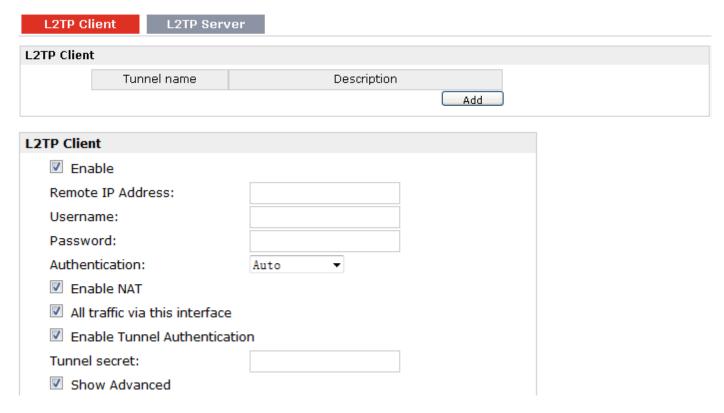


GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Add	Click "Add" to add a GRE tunnel.	
Enable	Click to enable GRE (Generic Routing Encapsulation). GRE is a protocol that encapsulates packets in order to route other protocols over IP networks.	Disable
Remote IP Address	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual IP	Set local IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	Null

Remote virtual IP	Set remote IP Address of the virtual GRE tunnel.	
Remote Subnet	Add a static route to the remote side's subnet so that the remote network is	Null
@ Remote Subnet List	known to the local network.	Null
Remote Subnet Mask	Set remote subnet net mask.	Null
@Remote Subnet List	Set remote subhet het mask.	Null
All traffic via this	After click to enable this feature, all data traffic will be sent via GRE tunnel.	Disable
interface	After click to enable this leature, all data traffic will be selft via GKE tuffiel.	Disable
Enable NAT	Tick to enable SNAT for GRE. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be	Disable
Eliable IVAI	disguised before accessing the remote GRE server.	Disable
Secrets	Set Tunnel Key of GRE.	Null

3.28 Configuration -> L2TP

This section allows users to set the L2TP parameters.



Port:	1701
Local IP:	
Remote IP:	
Address/Control Compress	sion
Protocol Field Compression	ı
Asyncmap Value:	ffffffff
MRU:	1500
MTU:	1436
Link Detection Interval (s):	30
Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

L2TP Client @ L2TP		
Item	Description	Default
Add	Click "Add" to add a L2TP client. You can add at most 3 L2TP clients.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter your L2TP server's public IP or domain name.	Null
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your L2TP server.	Null
Authentication	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2". You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto select the correct method based on server.	Disable
Remote Subnet	Enter L2TP remote Protected subnet's address.	Null
Remote Subnet Mask	Enter L2TPremote Protected subnet's mask.	Null
Enable NAT	Click to enable NAT feature of L2TP. The source IP address of host Behind R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote L2TP server.	Disable
All traffic via this interface	After click to enable this feature, all data traffic will be sent via L2TP tunnel.	Disable
Enable Tunnel Authentication	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which provided by L2TP server.	Disable
Tunnel Secret	Enter L2TP tunnel secret in this item.	Null
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the L2TP client advanced setting.	Disable
Port	Set the Port number of the L2TP client.	Null
Local IP	Set the IP address of the L2TP client. You can enter the IP which assigned by L2TP server. Null means L2TP client will obtain an IP address automatically from L2TP server's IP pool.	Null
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways address.	Null
Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable

		1	
Compression			
Protocol Field	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable	
Compression	osed for FFF initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Ellable	
A \ /a	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify	cccccc	
Asyncmap Value	this value.	ffffffff	
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500	
IVINU	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1300	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1436	
IVITO	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1430	
	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server.		
	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send		
	PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the		
Link Detection Interval	peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it	30	
	receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max		
	retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries		
	tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.		
Link Detection Max	Constitution on the Constitution of the Late of the Constitution	_	
Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5	
Funant Ontions	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string	посср	
Expert Options	can be separated by a space.	nobsdcomp	

L2TP Client L2T	P Server	
Enable L2TP Server		
☐ Enable L2TP Server		
L2TP Common Settings		
Username:		
Password:		
Authentication:	Auto	 9).
☑ Enable Tunnel Auth	nentication	
Tunnel secret:		
Local IP:		
IP Pool Start:	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End:	10.0.0.100	

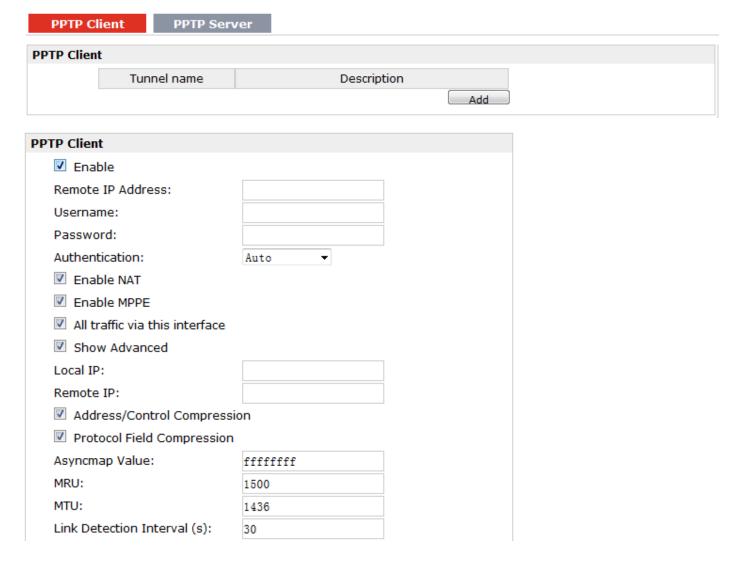
L2TP Server Advanced					
☑ Show L2TP Server Advance	Show L2TP Server Advanced				
✓ Address/Control Compress	ion				
✓ Protocol Field Compression	1				
Asyncmap Value:	ffffffff				
MRU:	1500				
MTU:	1436				
Link Detection Interval (s):	30				
Link Detection Max Retries:	5				
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp				
Route Table List					
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask			
*0.0.0.0" means any		Add			

L2TP Server @ L2TP		
Item	Description	Default
Enable L2TP Server	Tick to enable L2TP server.	Disable
Username	Set the username which will assign to L2TP client.	Null
Password	Set the password which will assign to L2TP client.	Null
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".	
Authentication	L2TP client need to select the same authentication method based on this	СНАР
	server's authentication method.	
Enable Tunnel	Tick to enable tunnel authentication and enter the tunnel secret which will	Disable
Authentication	provide to L2TP client.	Disable
Local IP	Set the IP address of L2TP server.	10.0.0.1
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.2
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the L2TP clients.	10.0.0.100
Show L2TP Server	Tick to show the L2TP server advanced setting.	
Advanced		
Address/Control	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	
Compression		
Protocol Field	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Compression	Osed for FFF initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Lilable
Port	Set the Port number of the L2TP server.	Null
Asyncmap Value	One of the L2TP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this	ffffffff
Asylicinap value	value.	''''
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet,	1500
IVIKU	which is possible to receive in a given environment.	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	1436
IVITU	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1430
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between L2TP client and server.	30

	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the L2TP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for L2TP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from L2TP server to L2TP client.	Null

3.29 Configuration -> PPTP

This section allows users to set the PPTP parameters.



Link Detection Max Retries:	5
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp

PPTP Client @ PPTP		
Item	Description	Default
Add	Click "Add" to add a PPTP client	
Enable	Enable PPTP Client. The max tunnel accounts are 3.	Null
Disable	Disable PPTP Client.	Null
Remote IP Address	Enter your PPTP server's public IP or domain name.	Null
Username	Enter the username which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password which was provided by your PPTP server.	Null
	Select from "Auto", "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".	
A	You need to select the corresponding authentication method based on the	A + -
Authentication	server's authentication method. When you select "Auto", router will auto	Auto
	select the correct method based on server's method.	
5 NAT	Click to enable NAT feature of PPTP. The source IP address of host Behind	5: 11
Enable NAT	R3000 will be disguised before accessing the remote PPTP server.	Disable
E l.l. MDDE	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for	D'andala
Enable MPPE	encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable
All traffic via this	After click to enable this feature, all data traffic will be sent via PPTP tunnel.	Disable
interface		
Show Advanced	Tick to enable the PPTP client advanced setting.	Disable
	Set the IP address of the PPTP client.	
Local IP	You can enter the IP which assigned by PPTP server. Null means PPTP client	Null
	will obtain an IP address automatically from PPTP server's IP pool.	
Remote IP	Enter the remote peer's private IP address or remote subnet's gateways	Null
A.I.I	address.	
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Protocol Field	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable
Compression	osea for the minumental in general, you need to chable it as deliant.	Lilabic
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	ffffffff
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of	
	packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	
	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server.	
Link Data ation later of	To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP	20
Link Detection Interval	Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer	30
	within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no	
	response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times,	

	it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel	
	with the peer.	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string can be separated by a space.	noccp nobsdcomp

PPTP Client PPTP Ser	ver	
Enable PPTP Server		
Enable PPTP Server		
PPTP Common Settings		
Username:		
Password:		
Authentication:	CHAP ▼	
Local IP:	10. 0. 0. 1	
IP Pool Start:	10. 0. 0. 2	
IP Pool End:	10. 0. 0. 100	
Enable MPPE		
PPTP Server Advanced		
Show PPTP Server Advance	d	
✓ Address/Control Compressi	on	
✓ Protocol Field Compression		
Asyncmap Value:	ffffffff	
MRU:	1500	
MTU:	1436	
Link Detection Interval (s):	30	
Link Detection Max Retries:	5	
Expert Options:	noccp nobsdcomp	
Route Table List		
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
*0.0.0.0" means any		Add
Route Table List		
Client IP	Remote Subnet	Remote Subnet Mask
("0.0.0.0" means any		Add

PPTP Server @ PPTP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable PPTP Server	Tick to enable PPTP server.	Disable	

Username	Set the username which will assign to PPTP client.	Null	
Password	Set the password which will assign to PPTP client.	Null	
	Select from "PAP", "CHAP", "MS-CHAP v1" and "MS-CHAP v2".		
Authentication	PPTP client need to select the same authentication method based on this		
	server's authentication method.		
Local IP	Set the IP address of PPTP server.	10.0.0.1	
IP Pool Start	Set the IP pool start IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.2	
IP Pool End	Set the IP pool end IP address which will assign to the PPTP clients.	10.0.0.100	
Enable MPPE	Tick to enable MPPE (Microsoft Point-to-Point Encryption). It's a protocol for encrypting data across PPP and VPN links.	Disable	
Show PPTP Server Advanced	Tick to show the PPTP server advanced setting.	Disable	
Address/Control Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable	
Protocol Field Compression	Used for PPP initialization. In general, you need to enable it as default.	Enable	
Asyncmap Value	One of the PPTP initialization strings. In general, you don't need to modify this value.	ffffffff	
MRU	Maximum Receiving Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to receive in a given environment.	1500	
MTU	Maximum Transmission Unit. It is the identifier of the maximum size of packet, which is possible to transfer in a given environment.	1436	
Link Detection Interval	Specify the interval between PPTP client and server. To check the connectivity of a tunnel, the client and server regularly send PPP Echo to each other. If the client or server receives no response from the peer within a specified period of time, it retransmits the PPP echo. If it receives no response from the peer after transmitting the PPP echo for max retries times, it considers that the PPTP tunnel is down and tries tore-establish a tunnel with the peer.	30	
Link Detection Max Retries	Specify the max retries times for PPTP link detection.	5	
Expert Options	You can enter some other PPP initialization strings in this field. Each string	посср	
LAPELL OPLIONS	can be separated by a space.	nobsdcomp	
Route Table List	Click "Add" to add a route rule from PPTP server to PPTP client.	Null	

3.30 Configuration->Modbus over TCP

This section allows users to configure the Modbus over TCP. Modbus over TCP slave functions, the remote can access the R3000 Quad's internal registers through Modbus over TCP.

Modbus over TCP Modbus over TCP Setting Enable Modbus over TCP Slave ID: port: 0

Modbus over TCP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable Modbus over TCP	Click to enable Modbus over TCP.	Disable	
Slave ID	Enter the slave ID.	Null	
Port	Enter the port which used to forward data.	Null	

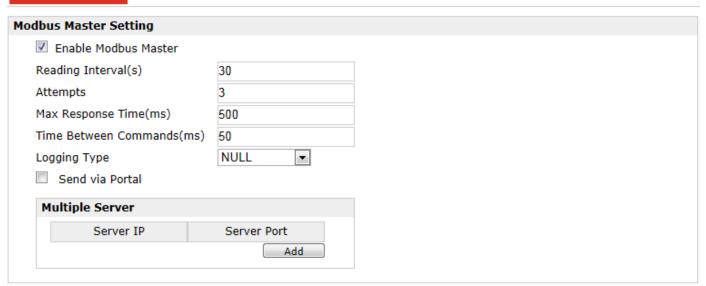
3.31 Configuration -> Modbus Master

R3000 Quad router could be configured as a modbus master, and will automatically poll the slave sides and report the collected data to specified server.

This section allows users to configure the Modbus Master.

Note: Before the salve device transmits the data via serial interface, you should select protocol as "Modbus Master" in Serial.

Modbus Master



Modbus Master			
Item	Description	Default	
	In this set of cycle, read Remote Channels one by one.		
	The equipment begins the reading of the channels in the order they were		
Reading Interval(s)	created at the time of configuration. This way, it continues reading all the	30	
	channels, respecting the time between commands, until it has read them all.		
	Every time the reading interval is reached, it restarts the reading of all of the		

	remote channels. If the reading of the channels takes longer that the	
	configured reading interval, it should wait for all channels to be read before	
	starting a new reading interval.	
	The max times of instruction attempts.	
	If a read instruction in Remote Channels failure to perform the read	
	command in a row, when the times achieve Attempts, R3000 Quad identifies	
Attempts	automatically this instruction is not read, and the skip this instruction next	3
	read cycle. Only when this state duration keep over 30 seconds, it will	
	become a new readable, and then try to execute the command next read	
	cycle.	
	The response time of the maximum waiting to read instructions.	
Max Response	When you perform a read command, this time is the response time of	500
Time(ms)	R3000 Quad waiting for the command. If it didn't get response from the	300
	instructions after the Max Response Time, the instructions read timeout.	
Time Between	The execution of the interval between each instruction.	50
Commands(ms)	The execution of the interval between each instruction.	30
	Read the save site of Modbus's data.	
Logging Type	Only save when it can't upload to the server, upload the data after the	Null
	upload channel recovering. Delete the data after finishing uploading.	
Send via Portal	Enable to send data via portal.	
Server IP	Set the server IP address of receive Modbus data.	Null
Server Port	Set the server port of receive Modbus data.	Null

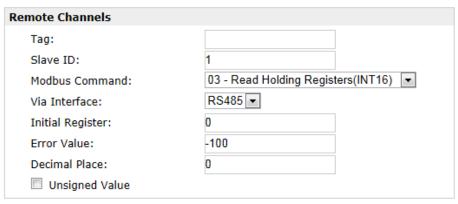
3.32 Configuration -> Remote Channels

This section allows users to configure the remote channels.

Note: Only configure the Modbus Master parameters at first, it can configure Remote Channels, otherwise it's disabled.

Remote Channels

mote Char	nels					
Index	Tag	ID	Modbus Command	Via Interface	Register	Option
						Add

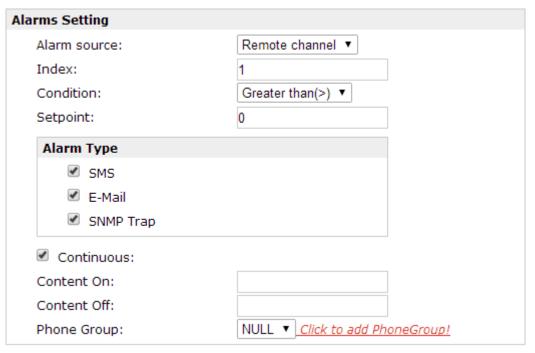


Remote Channels				
Item	Description	Default		
Tag	The sign of remote channel, it can be null or not null. If not null, alarm or upload information in platform will carry this description.	Null		
Slave ID	Modbus slave ID	1		
Modbus Command	Read the command.	Read Holding Registe rs(INT 16)		
Via Interface	Select from "RS485", "RS232", "TCP"	RS485		
Initial Register	The starting point for execution to read while reading instruction.	0		
Error Value	When reading failure, the Error Value in the Value will be assigned to the channel, for the alarm and upload platform.	-100		
Decimal Place	Used to indicate a dot in the read into the position of the channel. For example: read the channel value is 1234, and a Decimal Place is equal to 2, then the actual value of 12.34.	0		
Unsigned Value	A value used to identify the channel for unsigned.	Disable		

3.33 Configuration -> Alarms

This section allows users to configure the alarms.

arms Setting					
Alarms	Source	Condition	Setpoint	Alarm Type	Phone Group
					Add



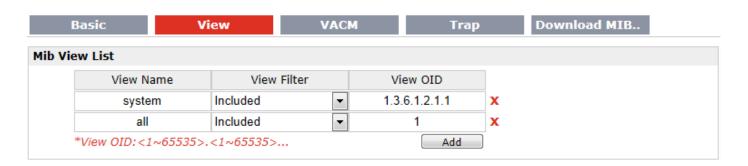
Alarms			
Item	Description	Default	
Alarm Source	Select from "Remote channel", "CSQ" and "Cellular Status".	Remote channel	
Index	Used to identify the way of Remote Channel.	1	
Condition	The conditions of trigger the alarm.	Greater	
Contaction	The conditions of trigger the darm.		
Setpoint	The alarm threshold.	0	
Alarm Type	The alarm types, you can choose more.	off	
Alariii Type	Select from "SMS", "Email", "SNMP Trap".	OII	
Content On	The content when the alarm on.(for email)	Null	
Content Off	The content when the alarm off.(for email)	Null	
Phone Group	You should add PhoneGroup at PhoneBook firstly.	Null	

3.34 Configuration -> SNMP

This section allows users to set the SNMP parameters.



Basic @ SNMP				
Item	Description	Default		
Port	UDP port for sending and receiving SNMP requests.	161		
Agent Mode	Select the correct agent mode.	Master		
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2		
Location Info	Enter the router's location info which will send to SNMP client.	China		
Contact Info	Enter the router's contact info which will send to SNMP client.	info@robustel.com		
System name	Enter the router's system name which will send to SNMP client.	router		



View @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
View Name	Enter the View Name	Null	
View Filter	Select from "Include" and "Exclude".	Include	
View OID	Enter the Object Identifiers (OID)	Null	



VACM @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Readwrite	Select the access rights from "Readonly" and "ReadWrite".	Readonly	
Network	Define the network from which is allowed to access. E.g. 172.16.0.0.	Null	
Community	Enter the community name.	Null	
MIBview	Select from "none", "system" and "all"	none	

Basic	View	VACM	Trap	Download MIB
SNMP Trap Settings	i			
Enable SNMP	Trap			
Version:	SNMP	v2 ▼		
Server Address:				
Port:	0			
Name:				

Trap @ SNMP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable SNMP Trap	Click to enable SNMP Trap feature.	Disable	
Version	Select from "SNMPv1", "SNMPv2" and "SNMPv3".	SNMPv2	
Server Address	Enter SNMP server's IP address.	Null	
Port	Enter SNMP server's port number	0	
Name	Enter SNMP server's name.	Null	

Basic	View	VACM	Trap	Download MIB
Download MIB Mou	dles File			
Download MIB M	oudles File			

Download MIB Moudles File @ SNMP			
Item	Description		
Download MIB Moudles File	Click to download the MIB Moudles File		

3.35 Configuration -> VRRP

This section allows users to set the VRRP parameters.



	VRRP			
Item	Description	Default		
	Tick to enable VRRP protocol. VRRP (Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol) is			
Enable VRRP	an Internet protocol that provides a way to have one or more backup routers	Disable		
cliable VKKP	when using a statically configured router on a local area network (LAN). Using	Disable		
	VRRP, a virtual IP address can be specified manually.			
Group ID	Specify which VRRP group of this router belong to.	1		
Priority	Enter the priority value from 1 to 255. The larger value has higher priority.	100		
Interval	The interval that master router sends keepalive packets to backup routers.	10		
Virtual IP	A virtual IP address is shared among the routers, with one designated as the			
	master router and the others as backups. In case the master fails, the virtual	192.168.0.		
	IP address is mapped to a backup router's IP address. (This backup becomes	1		
	the master router.)			

3.36 Configuration -> AT over IP

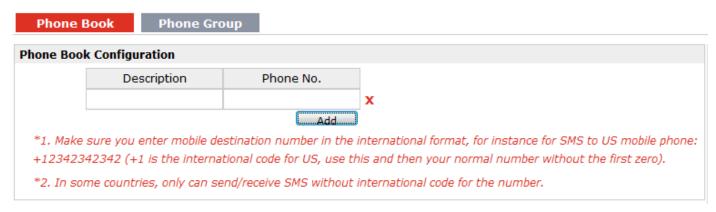
This section allows users to set the AT over IP parameters.



AT over IP			
Item	Description	Default	
Enable AT Settings	Tick to enable AT over IP to control cellular module via AT command remotely.	Disable	
Protocol	Select from "TCP server" or "UDP"	UDP	
Local IP	You can enter the IP address of cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN.	0.0.0.0	
	Null stands for all these three IP addresses.		
Local Port	Enter the local TCP or UDP listening port.	8091	

3.37 Configuration -> Phone Book

This section allows users to set the Phone Book parameters.



Phone Book			
Item	Description	Default	
Description	Set the name to your relevant phone No.	Null	
Phone No.	Enter your phone No. Note: In some countries, the Phone NO. is required to be written in international format, starting with "+" followed by the country code.	Null	

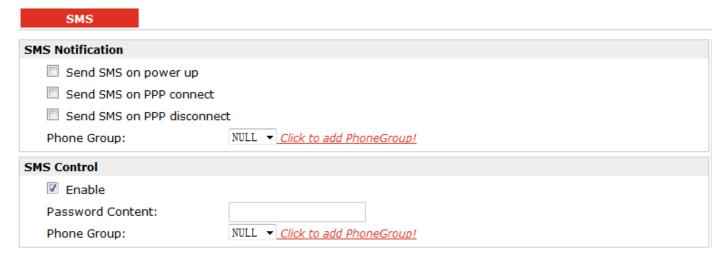




Phone Group			
Group Name	Set the Group Name.	Null	
Phone List	Show the phone list in the Group.	Null	
Add or remove the phone no.to/from group	Click right arrow to add the phone no.to this group; Click left arrow to remove the phone no.from group.	Null	

3.38 Configuration -> SMS

This section allows users to set the SMS Notification and SMS Control parameters.

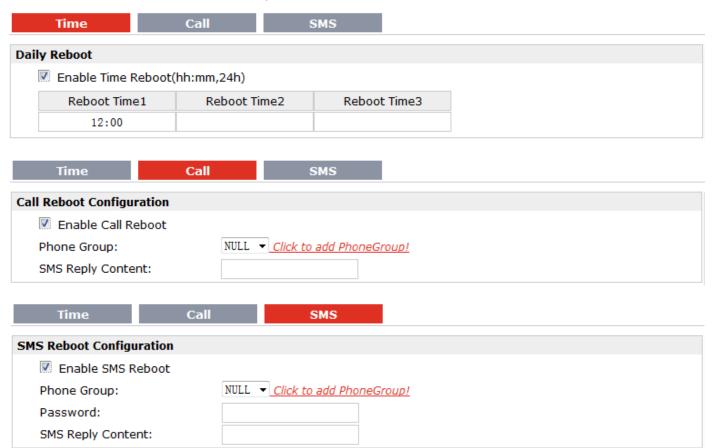


SMS			
Description	Default		
Enable to sand SMS to specific user after router was newered up	Disable		
Enable to send Sivis to specific user after fouter was powered up.	Disable		
Enable to sand SMS to specific user when router DDD up	Disable		
Litable to send Sivis to specific user when router FFF up.	Disable		
Enable to sand SMS to specific user when router DDD down	Disable		
Enable to send Sivis to specific user when router PPP down.	Disable		
Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null		
Click to enable SMS remote control.	Disable		
Set the password content characters.	Null		
Note: Only support text format. For example 123 or ABC123.	Null		
Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book	Null		
	Enable to send SMS to specific user after router was powered up. Enable to send SMS to specific user when router PPP up. Enable to send SMS to specific user when router PPP down. Select the Phone Group you set in 3.2.27 Configuration -> Phone Book Click to enable SMS remote control. Set the password content characters. Note: Only support text format. For example 123 or ABC123.		

Note: please refer to section 4.7 SMS Commands for Remote Control.

3.39 Configuration -> Reboot

This section allows users to set the Reboot policies.



Time @ Reboot			
Item	Description	Default	
Finalela/alelamana 2.45.	Enable daily reboot, you should follow ahh:mm,24h time frame, or the data will	Disable	
Enable(ahh:mm,24h)	be invalid.	Disable	
Reboot Time1	Specify time1 when you need router reboot.	Null	
Reboot Time2	Specify time2 when you need router reboot.	Null	
Reboot Time3	Specify time3 when you need router reboot.	Null	
	Call @ Reboot		
Enable Call Reboot	Click to enable call reboot function	Disable	
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by call.	Null	
	Send reply short message after auto Call reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.		
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null	
	Note: Only support text format SMS.		
	SMS @ Reboot		
Enable SMS Reboot	Click to enable SMS reboot function	Disable	
Phone Group	Set the Phone Group which was allowed to reboot the router by SMS.	Null	
Password	Password for triggering the Reboot mechanism.	Null	
	Send reply short message after auto SMS reboot from specified Caller ID (e.g.		
SMS Reply Content	Reboot ok!).	Null	
	Note: Only support text format SMS.		

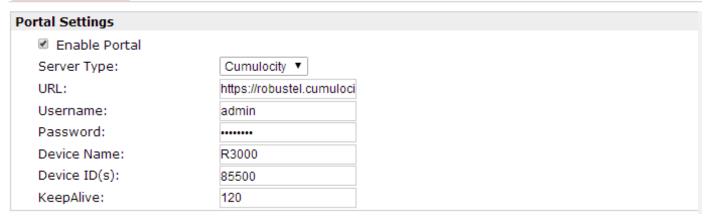
3.40 Configuration -> Portal

This section allows users to configure parameters about RobustLink, Tingco Cumulosity and GpsGate, which are industrial-grade centralized management and administration system. It allows you to monitor, configure and manage large numbers of remote devices on a private network over the web.



Portal

Portal



Portal

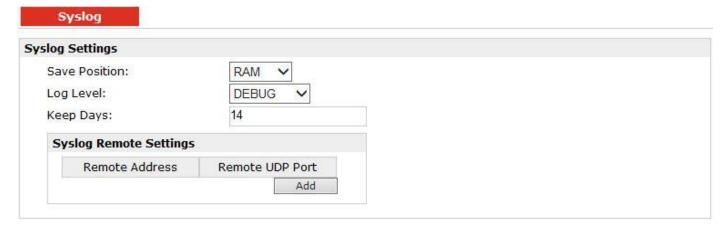


Robustlink @ Portal			
Item	Description	Default	
Server address	Enter IP address of RobustLink.	Null	
Port	Enter port number of RobustLink.	1883	
Password	Enter the password preset in RobustLink.	Null	
Passworu	Note: The passwords set in R3000 and RobustLink need to be the same.	INUII	
	Tingco@ Portal		
Server Address, Port,	Fill in the Server Address, Port, UnitID, CLID, KeepAlive. After settings are		
UnitID,CLID, KeepAlive	activated, R3000 will update information to Tingco automatically.		
Cumulosity@Portal			
URL, Username,	Fill in the URL, Username, Password, Device Name, Device ID (S), KeepAlive of		
Password, Device	Cumulosity. Default settings will be ok. After settings are activated, R3000 will		

Name, Device ID (S), update information to Cumulosity automatically. KeepAlive			
GpsGate@Portal			
GpsGate	Connect to GpsGate portal. You should configure the GpsGPS Setting at first.		

3.41 Configuration -> Syslog

This section allows users to set the syslog parameters.



Syslog			
Item	Description	Default	
Save Position	Select the save position from "None", "Flash" and "SD". "None" means syslog is		
Save Position	only saved in RAM, and will be cleared after reboot.	NONE	
	Select form "DEBUG", "INFO", "NOTICE", "WARNING", "ERR", "CRIT", "ALERT"		
Log Level	and "EMERG" which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in	DEBUG	
	detail.		
Keep Days	Specify the syslog keep days for router to clear the old syslog.	14	
Syslog Remote Settings	Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to	Disable	
	enter the Remote IP and UDP Port of the syslog server.	Disable	

3.42 Configuration -> Event

This section allows users to set the Event parameters.

nt Settings			
✓ Enable	Event		
Index	Event Code	SNMP-TRAP	RobustLink
1	BOOT-UP		
2	3G-UP		
3	3G-DOWN		
4	GPRS-UP		
5	GPRS-DOWN		
6	OVPN1-UP		
7	OVPN2-UP		
8	OVPN3-UP		
9	OVPN1-DOWN		
10	OVPN2-DOWN		
11	OVPN3-DOWN		
12	SMS-IN		
13	SMS-OUT		
14	SIM1-ACTIVE		
15	SIM2-ACTIVE		
16	AREA-CHANGE		
17	PORT1-UP		
18	PORT1-DOWN		
19	ACCESS-GRANTED		
20	ACCESS-DENIED		
21	STATS		
22	CONFIG-CHANGE		

Event			
Item	Description	Default	
	Click to enable Event feature.		
	This feature is used to report R3000's main running event to SNMP-TRAP or		
Fnahla Fyant	RobustLink. There are numbers of Event code you can select, such as		
Enable Event	"BOOT-UP", "3G-UP", "3G-DOWN", etc. For example if you click "3G-UP" and	Disable	
	select "RobustLink" as the server, when R3000 dial up to connect to 3G network,		
	it will send event code "3G-UP" as well as relevant information to RobustLink.		

3.43 Configuration -> USR LED

This section allows users to change the display status of USR LED.

Note: Please refer to "Status" -> "System" -> "LEDs Information" -> "USR".



USR LED				
Item	Description	Default		
USR LED Type	Select from "VPN", "PPPoE", "DynDNS" and "GPS".	VPN		
	Select from "ON", "Blink".			
Indication	For example, if "USR LED Type" is set as "VPN" and "Indication" is set as "Blink",	ON		
	when any VPN tunnel is up USR LED will blink.			

3.44 Configuration -> AAA

This section allows users to set the Radius, Tacacs+, LDA Pand Authen parameters.



Radius			
Item Description Def		Default	
Server Address	Radius server address (domain or IP)	Null	
Server Port	Radius server port	1812	
Password	The password to access the server	Null	

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authen	
Tacacs Setting				
Enable Tacacs				
Server Address:				
Server Port:	49			
Password:				

Tacacs+			
Item Description Def			
Server Address	Tacacs+ server address (domain or IP)	Null	
Server Port	Tacacs+ server port	49	
Password	The password to access the server	Null	

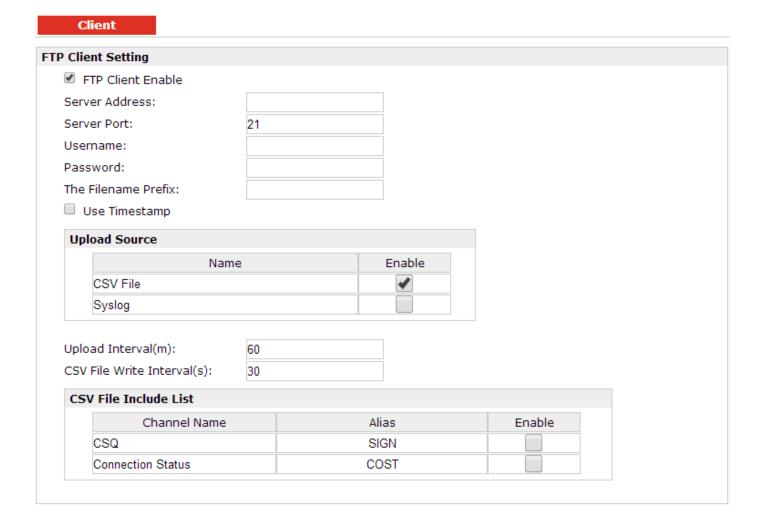


LDAP			
Item	Description	Default	
Authen Algorithm	Select from "None", "StartTLS", "SSL"		
Server Address	LDAP server address (domain or IP)		
Server Port	LDAP server port	389	
Base DN	The top of the LDAP directory tree		
Username	The user name to access the server		
Password	The password to access the server		

Radius	Tacacs+	LDAP	Authen
Authen Setting			
Services	1	2	3
Telnet:	Local 🔻	Null ▼	Null ▼
Ssh:	Local 🔻	Null ▼	Null ▼
Web:	Local ▼	Null 🔻	Null ▼

Radius			
Item	Description		
	There are "Telnet", "Ssh" and "Web".		
Services	When set the Radius, Tacacs+ and local in the meanwhile, the priority order to		
	follow: 1>2>3		
	Select from "Null", "Local", "Radius", "Tacacs+" and "Ldap".		
	Null: No user authorization processing.		
	Local: The authorization according to the relevant properties of local user		
1	accounts configured by network access server.	Null	
1	Radius: Authentication and authorization are tied together; it can't use Radius	INUII	
	alone to authorize.		
	Tacacs+: Tacacs+ server authorizes to users.		
	Ladp: Ladp authorization.		
2	Select from "Null", "Local", "Radius", "Tacacs+" and "Ldap".	Null	
3	Select from "Null", "Local", "Radius", "Tacacs+" and "Ldap".	Null	

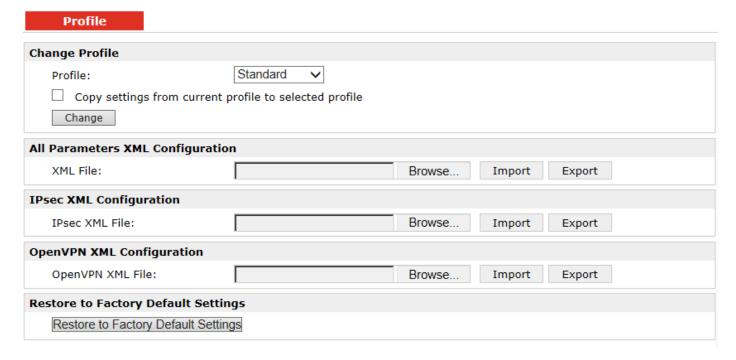
3.45 Configuration -> FTP



FTP			
Item	Description	Default	
FTP Client Enable	click to enable FTP client		
Server Address	Enter FTP server's IP address or domain name.	Null	
Server port	Enter FTP server's port	21	
Username	Enter the username which can be used to access FTP server.	Null	
Password	Enter the password which can be used to access FTP server.	Null	
The Filename Prefix	Set a name for the file which will be sent to the FTP server.	Null	
Use Timestamp	Enable Timestamp, the upload file will include the date.	Enable	
Upload Source	Choose the file type, CSV file or Syslog. Upload Source CSV file: sData will be collected in CSV file and save in local memory. Syslog: System log record file.		
Upload Interval (m)	Set the upload interval of uploading file.	60	
CSV File Write Intervals (s)	Set the interval of data writing.	30	
CSV File Include List	All the local CSV files will display in this list.	/	
Channel Name	Modbus remote channel name	/	
Alias	Set the file's alias.	/	
Enable	Select the CSV files which you want to send to the FTP server.	Null	

3.46 Administration -> Profile

This section allows users to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.



Profile			
Item	Description	Default	
	This item allow users store different configuration profiles into different		
Profile	positions; or save one configuration profile into different positions just for	Standard	
Piolile	configuration data backup.	Standard	
	Selected from "Standard", "Alternative 1", "Alternative 2", "Alternative 3".		
	Import: Click "Browse" to select the XML file in your computer, then click		
XML Configuration	"Import" to import this file into your router.	Null	
AIVIL COIIIIguration	Export: Click "Export" and the configuration will be showed in the new popup	INUII	
	browser window, then you can save it as a XML file.		
Restore to Factory	Click the button of "Restore to Factory Default Settings" to restore the router	Null	
Default Settings	to factory default setting.	INUII	

3.47 Administration -> Tools

This section provides users four tools: Ping, AT Debug, Traceroute and Test.



Ping @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Ping IP address	Enter the ping destination IP address or domain name.	Null	
Number of requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5	
Timeout	Specify timeout of ping request.	1	
Local ID	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null	Null	
Local IP	stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	Null	
Chowh	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the follow	Null	
Start	box.	INUII	

Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test
end AT Command	ls			
Send				
eceive AT Comma	ands			
2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4300003143.			

AT Debug @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Send AT Commands	Enter the AT commands which you need to send to cellular module in this box.	Null	
Send	Click this button to send the AT commands.	Null	
Receive AT Commands	Router will display the AT commands which respond from the cellular module in	Null	
	this box.	Null	

Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test	
ceroute					
Trace Address:					
Trace Hops:	30				
Timeout (s):	1				
Start Stop					

Traceroute @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Trace Address	Enter the trace destination IP address or domain name.	Null	
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met	20	
	max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	30	
Timeout	Specify timeout of Traceroute request.	1	
Const	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in the	Nivill	
Send	follow box.	Null	

Ping	AT Debug	Traceroute	Sniffer	Test	
Sniffer					
Interface:	all ▼]			
Host:					
Protocol:	all ▼				
Count	100				
Start Stop		-			

Sniffer @ Tools			
Item	Description	Default	
Interface	Select form "all", "lo", "imq0", "imq1", "eth0", "gre0", and "ppp0": all: contain all the interface; lo: Local Loopback interface; imq0/1: virtual interface for QoS, which used to limit the download and upload speed; eth0: Ethernet interface; gre0: GRE tunnel interface; ppp0: Cellular PPP interface;	All	
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null	
Protocol	Select from "all", "ip", "arp", "tcp" and "udp".	All	
Count	Set the packet number that can be sniffered at a time.	100	
Start	Click this button to start the sniffer, and the log will be displayed in the follow box.	Null	

Enable	Description	Result	
~	SD Test		
✓	USB Test		
~	Flash Test		
✓	Memory Test		
✓	Ethernet Test		
✓	SIM1 Test		
✓	SIM2 Test		
~	Module Test		

	Test @ Tools	
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click "Enable" to select the hardware component whose status you want to	Enable
Ellable	check.	Ellable
Description	Select from "SD Test", "USB Test", "Flash Test", "Memory Test", "Ethernet Test",	N/A
Description	"SIM1 Test", "SIM2 Test" and "Module Test".	IN/A
	Show the current status of the selected hardware component. There are 3 status	
	"Testing", "Success" and "Failure".	
Result	Testing: Router is testing the selected hardware component.	Null
Result	Success: Correspond hardware component is properly inserted and detected.	INUII
	Failure: Correspond hardware component is not inserted into the router or the	
	router fails to detect.	
Show Detail	Show the current test details of the hardware component.	Null
Clear	Clear the current test details of the hardware component.	Null
Note: click "Apply" to sto	art testing.	

3.48 Administration -> Clock

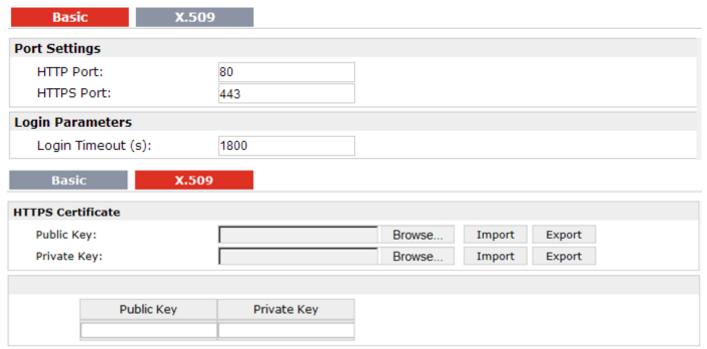
This section allows users to set clock of router and NTP server.

Clock		
Real Time Clock Settings		
Real Time Clock:	2015-01-04 17:53:49	
PC Time:	2015-01-04 17:53:50	Synchronize
Timezone Setting		
Timezone:	UTC+08:00 China, HK, West	ern Australia, Singapore, Taiwan, Russia ▼
GPS Time Synchronization		
Sync Time From GPS		
NTP Settings		
Enable NTP Client		
Primary NTP Server:	pool.ntp.org	
Secondary NTP Server:		
Update Interval (h):	1	
Enable NTP Server		

Clock			
Item	Description	Default	
Real Time Clock	Router's RTC can be showed and modified in this field.	Null	
PC Time	You PC's time can be showed here.	Null	
Synchronize	Synchronize router's RTC with PC.	Null	
Sync Time From GPS			
@ GPS Time	Synchronize router's RTC from GPS.	Disable	
Synchronization			
Enable NTP Client	Enable to synchronize the time from NTP server.	Disable	
Timozono @ Cliont	Soloct your local time zone	UTC	
Timezone @ Client	Select your local time zone.	+08:00	
Drimary NTD Convor	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.nt	
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary intr servers in address of domain hame.	p.org	
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null	
Update interval (h)	Enter the interval which NTP client synchronize the time from NTP server.	1	
Enable NTP Server	Click to enable the NTP server function of router.	Disable	
Timesana @ Comus		UTC	
Timezone @ Server	Select your local time zone.	+08:00	

3.49 Administration -> Web Server

This section allows users to modify the parameters of Web Server.



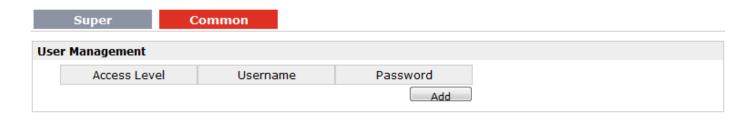
Basic @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in R3000's Web Server.	
HTTP Port	On a Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port	80
	number except 80, only adding that port number then you can login R3000's	
	Web Server.	
	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in R3000's Web Server.	
	On a Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to	
HTTPS Port	receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port	
	number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login R3000's	
	Web Server.	443
	Note : HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be exchanging	
	confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in order to	
	prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by Netscape	
	corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	
	Enter the Login timeout you want to change in R3000's Web Server. After "Login	
Login Timeout (s)	Timeout", R3000 will force to log out the Web GUI and then you need to re-login	1800
	again to Web GUI.	
X.509 @ Web Server		
HTTPS Certificate	In this tab, user can import or export "Public Key" and "Private Key" for HTTPS	Null
TITTES CETTIFICATE	certification.	INUII

3.50 Administration -> User Management

This section allows users to modify or add management user accounts.



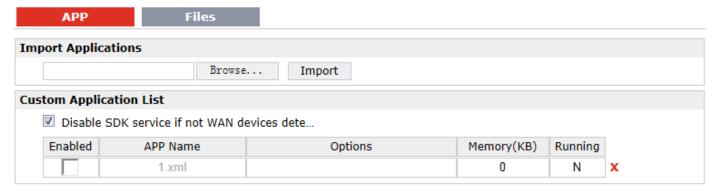
Super @ User Management			
Item	Description	Default	
Company	One router has only one super user account. Under this account, user has the	Admin	
Super	highest authority include modify and add management user accounts.	Aumin	
User Management	Set Username and Password.	Null	



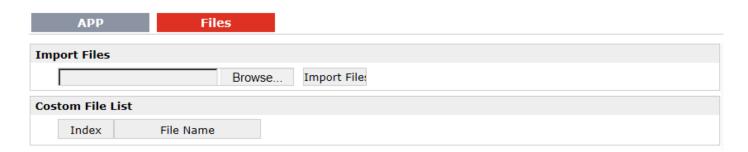
Common @ User Management		
Item	Description	Default
Common	One router has at most 9 common user accounts. There are two access level of	Null
Common	common user account: "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".	
	Select from "ReadWrite" and "ReadOnly".	
Access Level	ReadWrite: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level;	Null
	ReadOnly: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level	
Username/ Password	Set Username and Password. Null	
Add	Click this button to add a new account.	

3.51 Administration -> SDK Management

This section allows users to set SDK Management parameters of router.



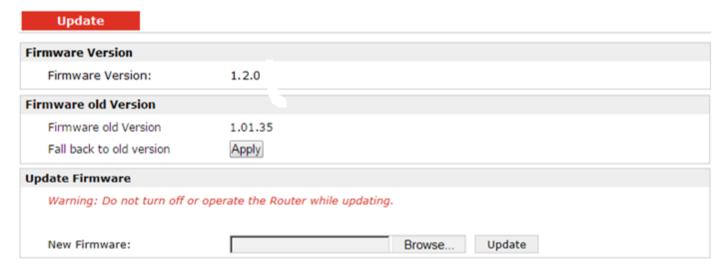
APP @ SDK Management			
Item	Description	Default	
Import Applications	Click to import APP files in this item.	Null	
Custom Application List	This list shows which APP files you have imported to the router, which APP file you want to start up, as well as the running information. Enable: Click to enable the APP file. APP Name: Shows the name of the APP files. Options: It is an optional items, user can choose to configure startup parameters here. Memory (KB): Shows the memory resources occupied by the APP files. Running: Shows whether the APP files are running.	Null	
Disable SDK service if not WAN device dete	Click to run the SDK APP only after WAN interface is up. If you don't click this option, the SDK APP will run before the WAN interface is up.	Disable	



Files @ SDK Management		
Item	Description	Default
Import Files	iles Click to import configuration files in this item. Null	
Custom File List	This list shows which Configuration files you have imported to the router.	Null

3.52 Administration -> Update Firmware

This section allows users to update the firmware of router.



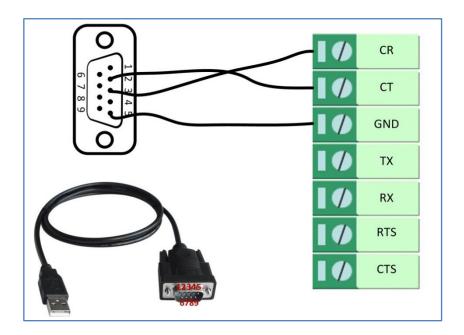
Update		
Item	Description	Default
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version.	
	Show the old firmware version of the router.	
Firmware Old Version	Click "Apply" button to fall back to the old version, after updating successfully,	
you need to reboot router to take effect.		
	Click "Select File" button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click	
Update firmware	"Update" button" to update. After updating successfully, you need to reboot	Null
	router to take effect.	

Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Interface

4.1.1 Console Port

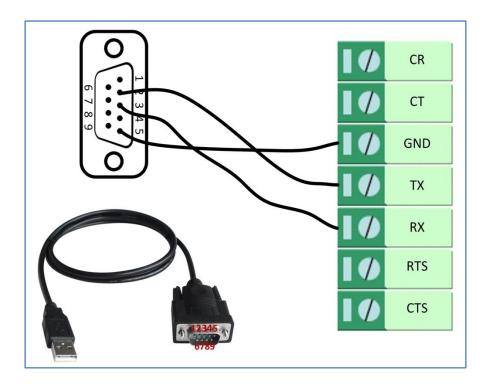
User can use the console port to manage the router via CLI commands, please check section Introductions for CLI.



4.1.2 RS232

R3000 Quad supports one RS232 or one RS485 for serial data communication.

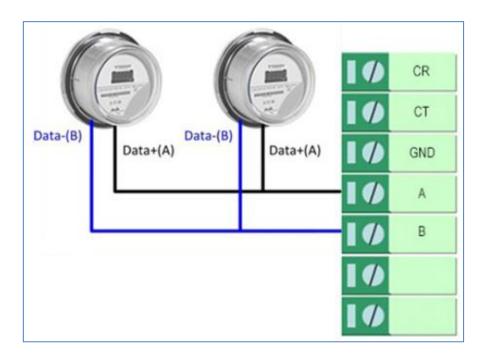
Please refer to the connection diagram at the right site.



4.1.3 RS485

R3000 Quad supports one RS232 or one RS485 for serial data communication.

Please refer to the connection diagram at the right site.



4.2 Cellular

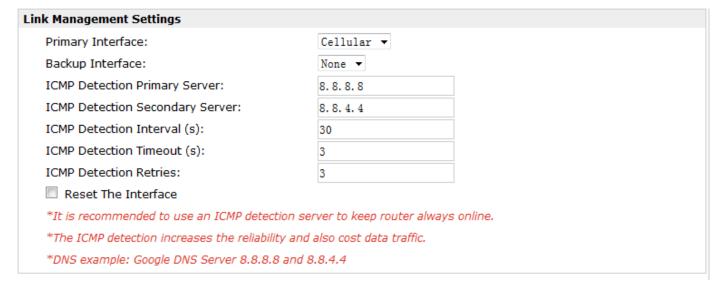
4.2.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows users how to configure the parameters of Cellular Dial-up within two configuration methods: "Always Online" and "Connect on Demand".

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "EthO Only" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

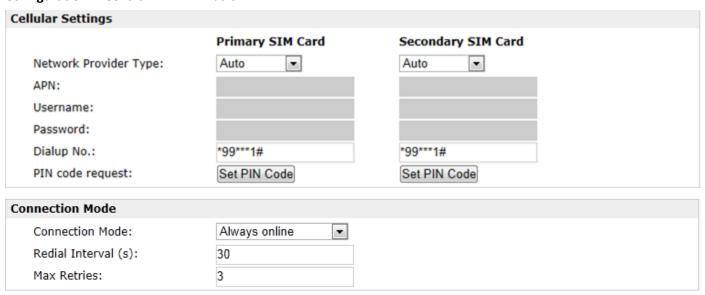
1. Always Online

Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular



The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic





The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

If a customized SIM card is using, please select "Custom" instead of "Auto" in "Network Provider Type", and some relative settings should be filled in manually.

2. Connect on Demand

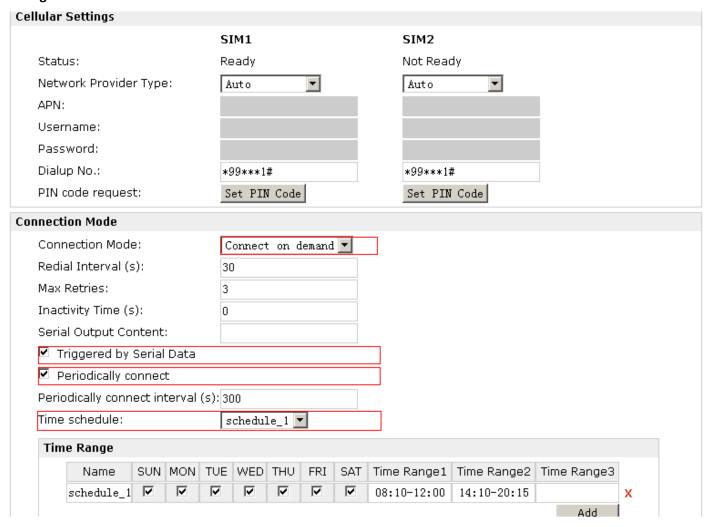
Configuration-->Link Management-->Cellular

Link Management Settings			
Primary Interface:	Cellular ▼		
Backup Interface:	None ▼		
ICMP Detection Primary Server:	8. 8. 8. 8		
ICMP Detection Secondary Server:	8. 8. 4. 4		
ICMP Detection Interval (s):	30		
ICMP Detection Timeout (s):	3		
ICMP Detection Retries:	3		
Reset The Interface			
*It is recommended to use an ICMP detection server to keep router always online.			
*The ICMP detection increases the reliability and also cost data traffic.			
*DNS example: Google DNS Server 8.8.8.8 and	8.8.4.4		

The modifications will take effect after click "Apply" button.

Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Configuration-->Cellular WAN -->Basic



Select the trigger policy you need.

Note: If you select multiple trigger policies, the router will be triggered under anyone of them.

4.2.2 SMS Remote Status Reading

R3000 supports remote control via SMS. Users can use following commands to get the status of R3000, cannot set new parameters of R3000 at present.

An SMS command has following structure:

Password:cmd1,a,b,c;cmd2,d,e,f;cmd3,g,h,i;...;cmdn,j,k,n

SMS command Explanation:

- Password: SMS control password is configured at Basic->SMS Control->Password, which is an optional parameter.
 - a) When there is no password, SMS command has following structure: cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...;cmdn
 - b) When there is a password, SMS command has following structure: Password:cmd1;cmd2;cmd3;...;cmdn
- 2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, which are command identification number 0001 0010.

- 3. a, b, c to n, which are command parameters.
- 4. The semicolon character (';') is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- 5. E.g., 1234:0001

In this command, password is 1234, 0001 is the command to reset R3000.

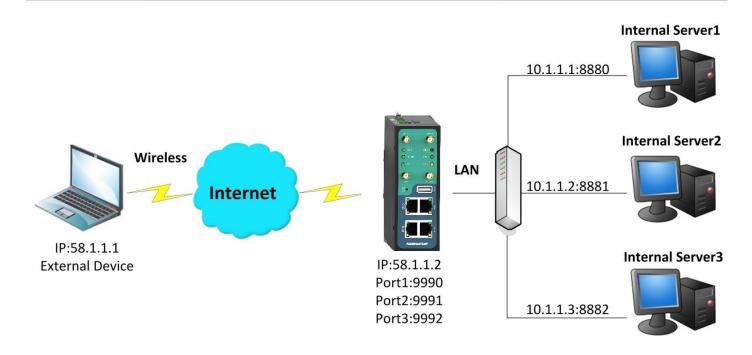
Cmd	Description	Syntax	Comments	
Contro	Control Commands			
0001	Reset Device	cmd	if no password, please use command "cmd", or use command" password: cmd" cmd1 + cmd2: cmd1;cmd2 * - means can be null	
0002	Save Parameters	cmd		
0003	Save Parameters and Reset Device	cmd		
0004	Start PPP Dialup	cmd		
0005	Stop PPP	cmd		
0006	Switch Sim Card	cmd		
0010	Clear SIM Card's Data Limitation	cmd,simNumber	simNumber: 1 - SIM_1 2 - SIM_2	

4.3 Network

4.3.1 NAT

This section shows users how to set the NAT configuration of router.

Parameter Remote IP defines if access is allowed to route to the Forwarded IP and Port via WAN IP and "Arrives At Port".



Configuration--->NAT/DMZ--->Port Forwarding

Remote IP	Arrives At Port	Is Forwarded to IP Address	Is Forwarded to Port	Protocol
58.1.1.1	9990	10.1.1.1	8880	TCP
58.1.1.1	9991	10.1.1.2	8881	UDP
58.1.1.1	9992	10.1.1.3	8882	TCP&UDP

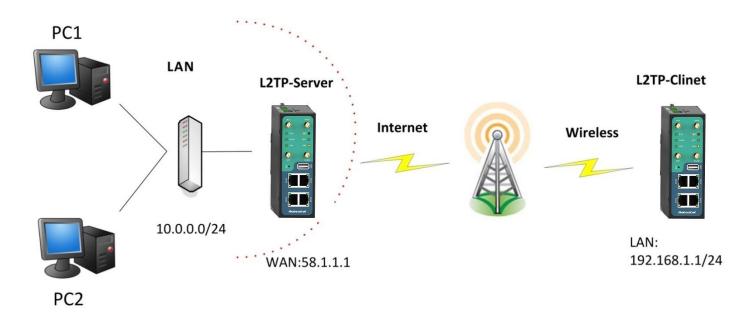
Note: This section will be hidden if user selects "Cellular as primary and if fail use Eth0" in "Configuration ->Link Management".

Explanations for above diagram:

If there are two IP addresses 58.1.1.1 and 59.1.1.1 for the External Devices, that the result will be different from the test when the NAT is working at R3000.

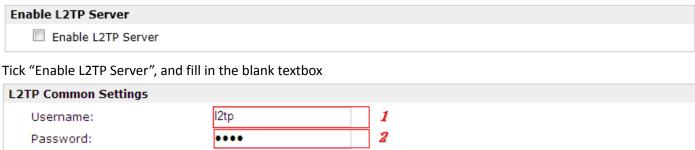
58.1.1.1> to> 58.1.1.2:9990be forwarded to> 10.1.1.1:8000	TCP
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9991be forwarded to>10.1.1.2:8001	UDP
58.1.1.1access to>58.1.1.2:9992be forwarded to>10.1.1.3:8002	TCP&UDP

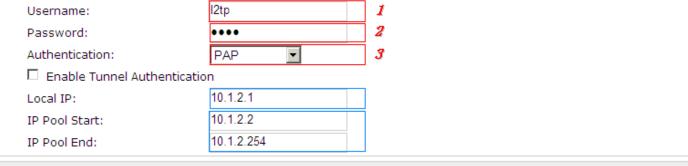
4.3.2 L2TP

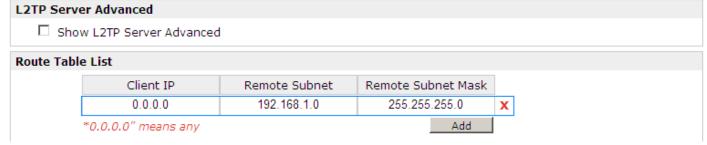


L2TP_SERVER:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Server







The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

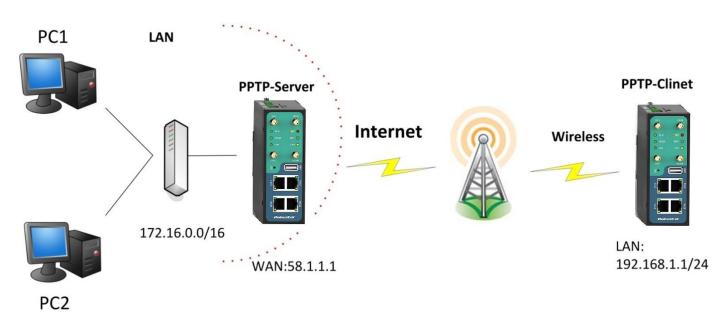
L2TP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->L2TP--->L2TP Client

Please add L2TP Client				
Add				
Click "Add" button, and fill in the blank textbox				
L2TP Client X				
	C Disable			
Server Name:	58.1.1.1			
Username:	l2tp	1		
Password:	••••	2		
Authentication:	PAP ▼	3		
☐ Enable Tunnel Authentication				
Remote Subnet:	10.0.0.0			
Remote Subnet Mask:	255.255.255.0			
☐ Show L2TP Client Advanced				

The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.3 PPTP

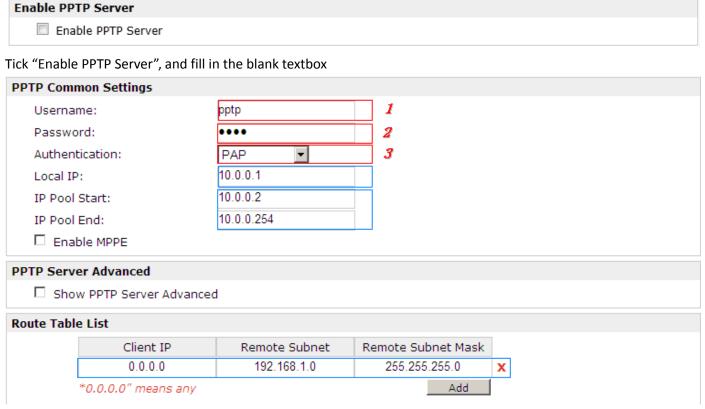


Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and

with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

PPTP_SERVER:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Server



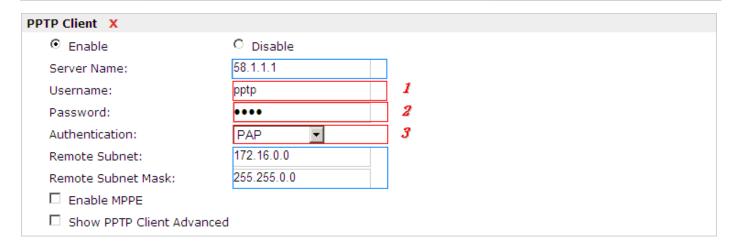
The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

PPTP_CLIENT:

Configuration--->PPTP--->PPTP Client



Click "Add" button, and fill in the blank textbox



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.4 IPSEC VPN



Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

IPsecVPN_SERVER:

Cisco 2811:

```
crypto isakmp policy 10
encraes 256
                               8
hash md5
 authentication pre-share
                              11
 group 2
crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0
cryptoipsectransform-settransesp-3desesp-md5-hmac
                                                        2, 13
crypto dynamic-map dyn 10
 set transform-set trans
 match address 101
cryptomap map1 10 ipsec-isakmp dynamic dyn
ļ
interface FastEthernet0/0
 crypto map map1
access-list 101 permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 any
                                                          3, 5
```

Note: Polices 1,4,6,7 are default for Cisco router and do not display at the CMD.

IPsecVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Basic

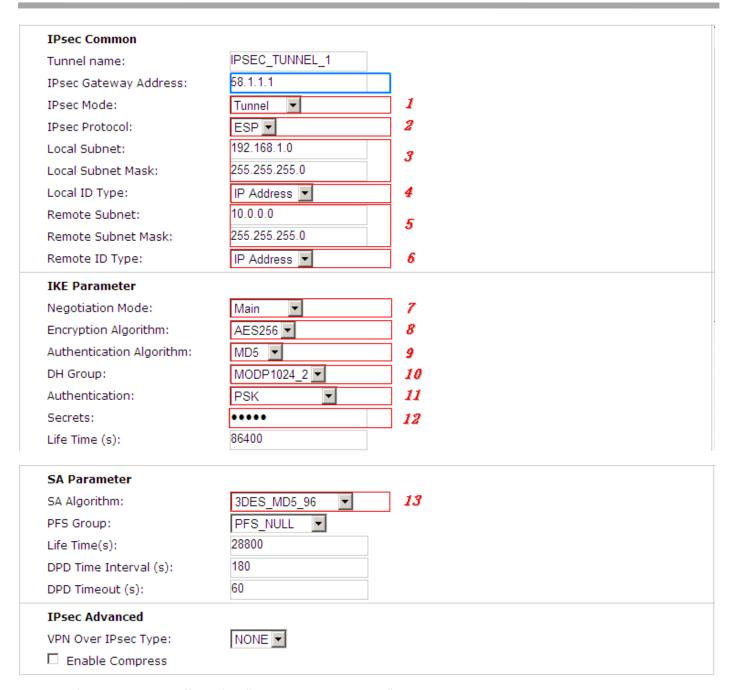


Then click "Apply".

Configuration--->IPSec--->IPSec Tunnel

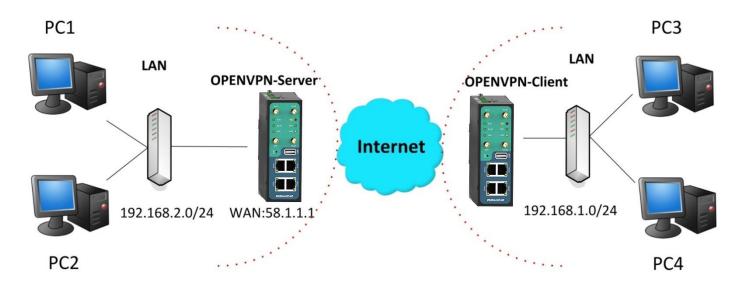


Tick "Enable IPSec Tunnel1"



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

4.3.5 OPENVPN



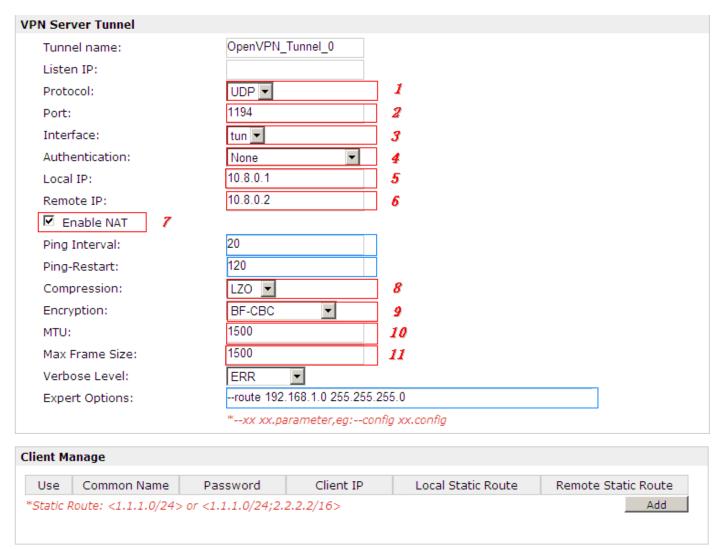
Note: The following diagrams with red color numbers mean these are the matches between server and client, and with the blue color number means it must be set locally for the tunnel.

OPENVPN_SERVER:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Server

Enable OpenVPN Server Enable OpenVPN Server

Tick "Enable OpenVPN Server".



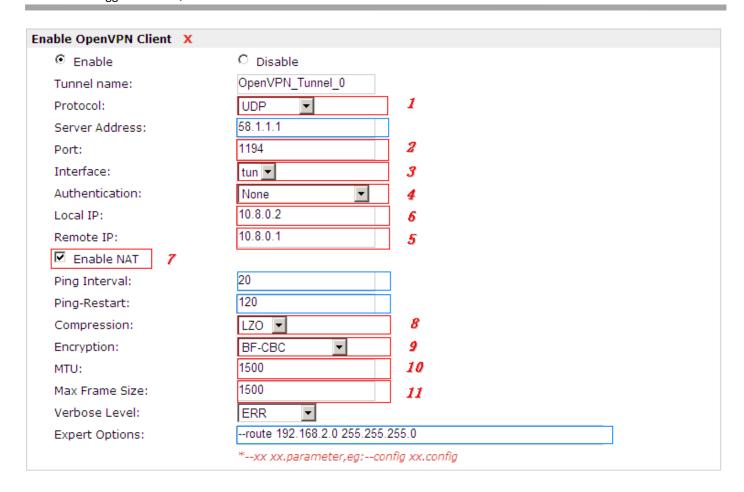
The modifications will take effect after click "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

OPENVPN_CLIENT:

Configuration--->OpenVPN--->Client



Tick "Enable OpenVPN Client1", and fill in the blank textbox



The modification will take effect after "Apply-->Save-->Reboot".

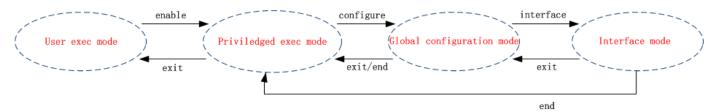
Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What's CLI and Hierarchy Level Mode

The R3000 command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the <u>console</u> or through a <u>telnet</u> network connection. There are four different CLI hierarchy level modes which have different access rights:

- User exec mode—The command prompt ">" shows you are in the user mode, in this mode user can only use some simple commands to see the current configuration and the status of the device, or enter the "ping" command to troubleshoot the network connectivity.
- Privileged exec mode—When you enter Privileged mode, the prompt will change to "#" which user can do not only what is allowed in the user exec mode but also the new additions like importing and exporting for files, system log, debug and so on.
- Global configuration mode—The global configuration mode with prompt "<config>#" allows user to add, set,modify and delete current configuration.
- Interface mode—Prompt "<config-xx>" means in this mode we can set both IP address and mtu for this interface.

Following is the relationship diagram about how to access or quit among the different modes:



USER EXEC MODE:

R3000 Configure Environment

Username: admin Password: *****

R3000> ? //check what commands can be used in **user exec mode**

enable Turn on privileged commands

exit Exit from current mode

ping Ping test

reload Halt and perform a cold restart

tracert Tracert test

show Show running system information

PRIVILEDGED EXEC MODE:

R3000> enable

Password: ****

R3000#? //check what commands can be used in **Privileged exec mode**

debug Debug configure information enable Turn on privileged commands

exit Exit from current mode
export Export file using tftp
syslog Export system log
import Import file using tftp

load Load configure information

ping Ping test

reload Halt and perform a cold restart

tracert Tracert test

write Write running configuration tftp Copy from tftp: file system

show Show running system information

configure Enter configuration mode

end Exit to Normal mode

GLOBAL CONFIGURATION MODE:

R3000# configure

R3000(config)#? //check what commands can be used in **global configuration mode**

exit Exit from current mode
end Exit to Normal mode
interface Configure an interface
set Set system parameters

add Add system parameters list modify Modify system parameters list delete Delete system parameters list

INTERFACE MODE:

R3000(config)# interface Ethernet 0

R3000(config-e0)#? //check what commands can be used in **interface mode**

exit Exit from current mode end Exit to Normal mode

ip Set the IP address of an interfacemtu Set the IP address of an interface

5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a list about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark "?" will show you the help information.
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its "copy" function but also
Ctri+C	can be used for "break" out of the setting program.
	Parameters "xxx" are not supported by the system, in this case, enter a mark
Invalid command "xxx"	"?" instead of "xxx" will help to find out the correct parameters about this
	issue.
Incomplete command	Command is not incomplete.
% Invalid input detected at '^' marker	'^' marker indicates the location where the error is.

Note: Most of the parameters setting are in the **Global configuration mode**. Commands **set**, **add** are very important for this mode. If some parameters can't be found in the Global configuration mode, please move back to **Privileged exec mode** or move up to **Interface mode**.

Note: Knowing the **CLI hierarchy level modes** is necessary before configuring the CLI. If not, please go back and read it quickly in chapter 5.

5.2.1 QuickStart with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then reading all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

R3000> show version

software version: 1.01.00 kernel version: v2.6.39 hardware version: 1.01.00

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

R3000> enable

Password: *****

R3000#

R3000# tftp 172.16.3.3 get rootfs R3k.1.01.00.02_130325

Tftp transfering

tftp succeeded!downloaded

R3000# write //save current configuration

141 / 148

Building configuration...

OK

R3000#reload

!Reboot the system?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

Example 3: Set link-management

R3000> enable

Password: ****

R3000#

R3000# configure

R3000(config)# set link-management

Primary Interface:

1.Cellular

2.Eth0

3.WiFi

->please select mode(1-3)[1]:2

Secondary Interface:

1.None

2.Cellular

3.WiFi

->please select mode(1-3)[1]:1

//select "eth0" as primary wan-link

->ICMP detection primary server[]:8.8.8.8

->ICMP detection second server[]:8.8.8.4

->ICMP detection interval(3-1800)[30]:

->ICMP detection timeout(1-10)[3]:

->ICMP detection retries(1-20)[3]:

->reset the interface?'yes'or'no'[no]:

this parameter will be take effect when reboot!

really want to modify[yes]:

R3000# write //save current configuration

Building configuration...

ОК

R3000# reload

!Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

Example 4: Set IP address, Gateway and DNS for Eth0

R3000> enable

Password: ****

R3000#

R3000# show link-management

//show current link-management

************* Primary Interface : Eth0 // now "Eth0" as primary wan-link Secondary Interface : None ICMP primary server : 8.8.8.8 ICMP second server : 8.8.4.4 ICMP detection interval : 30 seconds ICMP detection timeout : 3 seconds ICMP detection retries : 3 reset the interface : no ************ R3000 # configure R3000 (config) # set eth0 ethernet interface type: WAN type select: 1. Static IP 2. DHCP 3. PPPOE ->please select mode (1-3) [1]: ->IP address [192.168.0.1]:58.1.1.1 //set IP address for eth0 ->Netmask [255.255.255.0]:255.0.0.0 ->gateway [192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254 //set gateway for eth0 ->mtu value (1024-1500)[1500]: ->input primary DNS [192.168.0.254]:58.1.1.254 //set dns for eth0 ->input secondary DNS [0.0.0.0]: this parameter will be take effect when reboot! really want to modify[yes]: R3000 (config) # end R3000# write //save current configuration Building configuration... OK R3000 # reload ! Reboot the system? 'yes' or 'no': yes //reload to take effect **Example 5: CLI for Cellular dialup** R3000> enable Password: **** R3000# R3000# show link-management

RT _UG_R3000 Quad_v.1.3.0

```
// now "Cellular" as wan-link
  Primary Interface
                             : Cellular
  Secondary Interface
                            : None
  ICMP primary server
                             : 8.8.8.8
  ICMP second server
                             : 8.8.8.4
  ICMP detection interval
                           : 30 seconds
  ICMP detection timeout
                            : 3 seconds
  ICMP detection retries
                           : 3
  reset the interface
                           : no
************
R3000 (config) # set cellular
 1. set SIM_1 parameters
 2. set SIM_2 parameters
->please select mode (1-2)[1]:
SIM 1 parameters:
network provider
 1. Auto
 2. Custom
 3. china-mobile
->please select mode(1-3)[1]:
->dial out using numbers[*99***1#]:
->pin code[]:
connection Mode:
 1. Always online
2. Connect on demand
->please select mode(1-2)[1]:
->redial interval(1-120)[30]:
->max connect try(1-60)[3]:
R3000(config)# end
R3000# write
                                                   //save current configuration
Building configuration...
OK
R3000# show
               cellular
                             *******
  Cellular enable
                            : yes
 1. show SIM_1 parameters
 2. show SIM_2 parameters
->please select mode(1-2)[1]:
```

SIM 1 parameters:

network provider : Auto
dial numbers : *99***1#
pin code : NULL

connection Mode : Always online

redial interval : 30 seconds

max connect try : 3 main SIM select : SIM_1 when connect fail : yes when roaming is detected : no month date limitation : no SIM phone number network select Type : Auto authentication type : AUTO : 1500 mtu value mru value : 1500 asyncmap value : 0xffffffff use peer DNS : yes primary DNS : 0.0.0.0 secondary DNS : 0.0.0.0

address/control compression: yes protocol field compression: yes

expert options : noccp nobsdcomp

R3000# reload

!Reboot the system ?'yes'or 'no':yes //reload to take effect

5.3 Commands Reference

commands	syntax	description
Debug	Debug parameters	Turn on or turn off debug function
Export	Export parameters	Export vpn ca certificates
Import	Import parameters	Import vpn ca cerfiticates
Syslog	syslog	Export log information to tftp server
Load	Load default	Restores default values
Write	Write	Save current configuration parameters
tftp	Tftp IP-address get {cfg rootfs} file-name	Import configuration file or update firmware via tftp
Show	Show parameters	Show current configuration of each function, if we need to see all please using "show running"
Set	Set parameters Add parameters	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add,
Add		the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list parameter

Glossary

Abbreviations	Description	
AC	Alternating Current	
APN	Access Point Name of GPRS Service Provider Network	
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange	
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)	
СНАР	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol	
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting	
CSD	Circuit Switched Data	
CTS	Clear to Send	
dB	Decibel	
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator	
DC	Direct Current	
DCD	Data Carrier Detect	
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)	
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN	
DI	Digital Input	
DO	Digital Output	
DSR	Data Set Ready	
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment	
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency	
DTR	Data Terminal Ready	
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136	
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility	
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference	
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges	
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute	
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized	
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution	
GND	Ground	
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service	
GRE	generic route encapsulation	
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications	
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access	
ID	identification data	
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identification	
IP	Internet Protocol	

IPSec	Internet Protocol Security	
kbps	kbits per second	
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol	
LAN	local area network	
LED	Light Emitting Diode	
M2M	Machine to Machine	
MAX	Maximum	
Min	Minimum	
МО	Mobile Originated	
MS	Mobile Station	
MT	Mobile Terminated	
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network	
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol	
PC	Personal Computer	
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800	
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900	
PDU	Protocol Data Unit	
PIN	Personal Identity Number	
PLCs	Program Logic Control System	
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol	
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol	
PSU	Power Supply Unit	
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key	
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment	
RF	Radio Frequency	
RTC	Real Time Clock	
RTS	Request to Send	
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit	
Rx	Receive Direction	
SDK	Software Development Kit	
SIM	subscriber identification module	
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna	
SMS	Short Message Service	
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol	
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol	
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE	
Tx	Transmit Direction	
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter	
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System	

USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network